

GS SCORE

An Institute for Civil Services

IAS TOPPER'S TEST COPY

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AIR 122

CSE 2023

WORLD HISTORY



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(1222)

WORLD HISTORY

(French Revolution)

Max. Marks: 20

Instructions to Candidate

- There are 2 questions.
- Every page of the written answer should carry Name, Roll No. and Batch Information, in the same order.
- Content of the answer is more important than its length.
- Answers must be written in the space provided.

Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

1. Evaluator Signature _____

Name Vinay S. Pabli.

Roll No. _____

Mobile No. _____

Date _____

Signature V. Pabli

1. Was French Revolution inevitable? Discuss.

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

French Revolution was major political revolution by end of 18th century. It is due to political and social consequences faced by French masses.

French society divided into 3 different estates - 1st Noble, 2nd clergy & 3rd peasants or common masses.

- French economy weakened due to help given to America for American revolution.
- Also ruler of French empire Louis XVI incapable an inefficient.
- All taxes in French empire only imposed on 3rd estate & 1st and 2nd estates are exempted from taxation.
- Nobles and clergy had control on major land in French empire.
- Peasants middle classes awaken and demand taxation for all including nobles and clergy.
- Middle classes also demand for voting rights and demand rise for representation in government, said no taxation without representation.
- 3rd estate peasants and common masses separated from 2 above 2 estates noble and clergy and established separate political entity for representation.

Remarks

Measures to avoid French Revolution →

- 1) By establishing equal taxation in all estates of society.
- 2) Financial assistance to peasants, poor and landless labourers.
- 3) Equal distribution of land among estates.
- 4) Voting rights to all 3rd estate members.
- 5) Assigning representation in government to peasant and poor, common masses.

French Revolution was inevitable due to resentment and feeling of unsatisfaction in society. French revolution act as foundation for rise of Napoleone and european continental wars. Also it provide background for ideology of nationalism.

well
concluded

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Remarks

2. If there were no Rousseau, there were no revolution. Critically Analyze.

(150 Words) (10 Marks)

philosophers play major ^{→ how?}
pioneering role in revolutions ^{to explain}
by their
rational thinking and principles. ^{about their}
Jean Jacques Rousseau ^{role is}
was one of major
philosophers behind radical transformation
and revolutions. ^{brief.}

In pre-industrial times burden of
taxation was given on 3rd estate and
1st and 2nd estate exempted from
any taxation.

Society was organised unequally
and 3rd estate's financial situation was
very poor.

philosophers played important role ^{addresses about some philosopher idea}
during French Revolution, their revolutionary
ideas inspired peasant masses of France to
fight against injustice.

Rousseau ^{→ give more ideas on Rousseau idea}
advocated theory of social
contract with people ^{take}, without will and
consent of masses, state cannot established
or sustain. If will not honoured people
authorised to uproot state.

Remarks

Rousseau advocated principle of Laissez Faire.

- Voltaire advocated, church and religious experts confined to spiritual activities and not encroached upon material life, this approach later known as secularism.
- Montesquieu advocated principle of separation of powers and resulted into establishment of legislature, executive and judiciary.
- Financial crises, political aspirations and social inequalities responsible for revolutions.

All ideas of philosophers, rational and radical inspired masses in France and Europe to change regime that resulted into revolution. Rational ideas created revolutionary mindset in common masses.

well concluded

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Remarks