

# **GSSCORE**

**An Institute for Civil Services**

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## **IAS TOPPER'S**

## **TEST COPY**

### **JAIN JAINOM MAHENDRAKUMAR**

**AIR - 103**  
**(CSE 2022)**

## **GENERAL STUDIES**

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**GENERAL STUDIES - PAPER - IV**

Time Allowed: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 250

Q.	Marks	Instructions to Candidate
1.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• There are 19 questions.</li><li>• All questions are compulsory.</li><li>• The number of marks carried by a question is indicated against it.</li><li>• Answers to questions no. 1 to 13 should be in 150 words, whereas answers to questions no. 14 to 19 should be in 250 words.</li><li>• Keep the word limit indicated in the questions in mind.</li><li>• Answers must be written within the space provided.</li><li>• Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.</li></ul>
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1. Invigilator Signature \_\_\_\_\_  
2. Invigilator Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Name Tarun M. JainRoll No. GSMA20190028 18212

Mobile No. \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

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## REMARKS

Handwritten notes in red ink, including the word "Kilobyte" and other illegible text.



## Section - A

Q1. Suppose a terrorist sacrifices his life to kill others for the sake of his cause. Is that terrorist acting courageously? (10 Marks)

⇒ Courage is an act of seizing one's life in situation of adversity. ~~courage~~ is the most important attribute of a person. *minute*

However, there is wrong precedent to equate life sacrifice by a terrorist to courageous act. However, this is not courage as: *How*

(a) Courage is ~~done in~~ an attribute which doesn't seek to endanger life of innocents for a cause.

(b) Courageous act is marked by respect for securing dignity of human beings & not endangering it.

Remarks



© Terrorist activities shows cowardliness rather than courage, as they couldn't fight the mighty state, so target citizens.

④ Marking a terrorist activity as courageous one legitimises their course of action

Human beings are end in themselves & not means to secure an end (Immanuel Kant's categorical imperative). Thus, ~~terrorist~~ / a person seizing his life by endangering other's life is not an act of courage but mere act of cowardness.

Reframe this sentence to be more effective



Q2. "Even if a snake is not poisonous, it should pretend to be venomous". Do you find this prescription of Kautilya relevant for the present day world? (10 Marks)

⇒ Kautilya is an important ancient Indian thinker. His book "Arthashastra" have highlighted various ways to maintain or protect the empire.

In above statement, Kautilya is highlighting that a state should display itself as powerful despite lacking in power.

Prescription relevant for present day world:

- ① Help protect state's sovereignty & avoid conflicts in a conflictual world. eg. deterrence against nuclear weapons. by indicating presence of extended deterrence.

Remarks

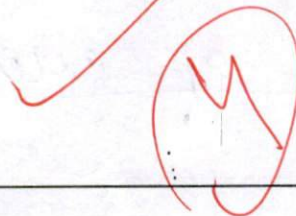


- ② To achieve fair deals <sup>or</sup> agreement
- ③ To protect citizens of the country from conflicts.

Not relevant:-

- ① As gaps in power may be exposed endangering security. eg- Indo-China War, 1962.
- ② It may create conflictual situation.  
 eg- Indicating possibility of first use despite No first Use may create conflictual situation

Thus, Kautilya's wisdom may be beneficial as well as may create problems. <sup>Thus</sup> ~~However~~, should be used carefully.



Remarks



Q3. What do you mean by 'Ethical Dilemmas'? You are a police officer and your bodyguard has once saved your life by putting his life on risk. He has taken Rs. 500 from a person to help the man to get a favorable recommendation from you for grant of an arms license. Another police personnel has told you about the matter. The case of arms license is genuine and your bodyguard makes a request to do the same. What will be your response? (10 Marks)

⇒ Ethical dilemma is a situation of choosing between two options that are <sup>not</sup>

unambiguously right or wrong i.e. choice between ~~choosing~~ two right options

or, between two values which are in conflict because of extraordinary situation.

The present case indicates clear situation of ethical dilemma, as officer (me) was helped by bodyguard & he is demanding a "quid pro quo" (favour for favour).

My response:-

(I) Ask the the bodyguard to return 500 Rs to the person from whom he has taken it, if authenticity of facts (bribe) is established.

Good

Remarks



(2) Explaining the bodyguard that bribery is punishable offence under prevention of corruption act, & if he is caught taking bribe, he might face conviction.

(3) Arm licence <sup>request</sup> if genuine may be provided, ~~not~~ but corruption is not <sup>to</sup> be promoted.

Though, a clear personal interest involved by returning the favour to the bodyguard, the police officer must avoid indulging in corruption as it is fraud on constitution of people at large.

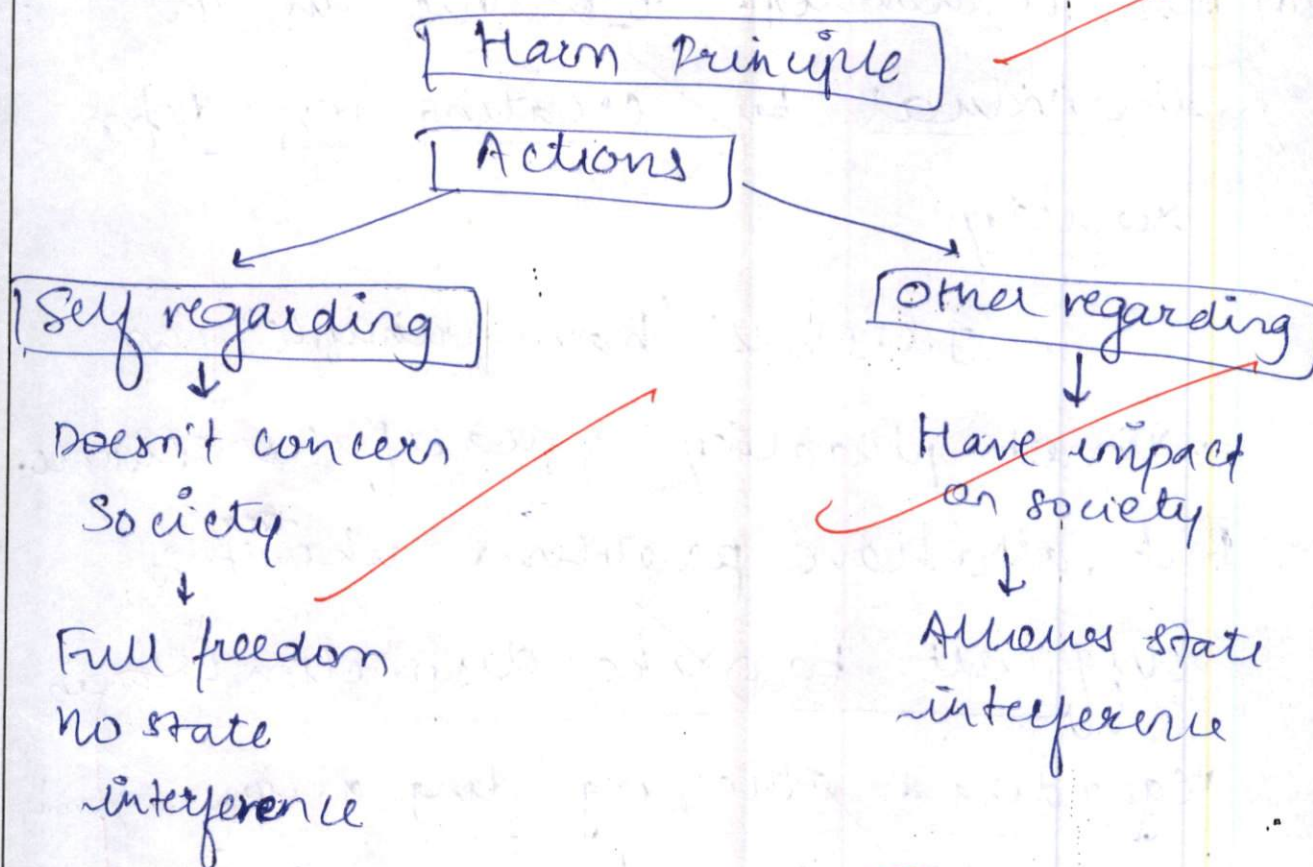
Remarks



Q4. What is Mill's "Harm Principle"? Do you think it can help us develop more tolerance on an individual level and the attitude of peaceful coexistence with plurality on the societal level?

(10 Marks)

⇒ J.S. Mill, in his book "On Liberty" has gives the "harm principle" to look into conditions for state interference



Help us develop tolerance:

- ① As individual is gives full freedom on actions concerning himself.
- ② Also protects society's interest

Remarks



by allowing interference of state in other regarding actions.

(c) Thus, a state can undertake welfare functions.

(d) Also, it develops tolerance in an individual by creating respect for society.

J.S. Mills' 'harm principle' can promote plurality & peaceful coexistence. But, also have problems like; it is difficult to make distinction between regarding & other regarding actions, giving a greater scope for state's interference endangering liberty.

However, can be considered as an important contribution of J.S. Mill to concept of liberty.

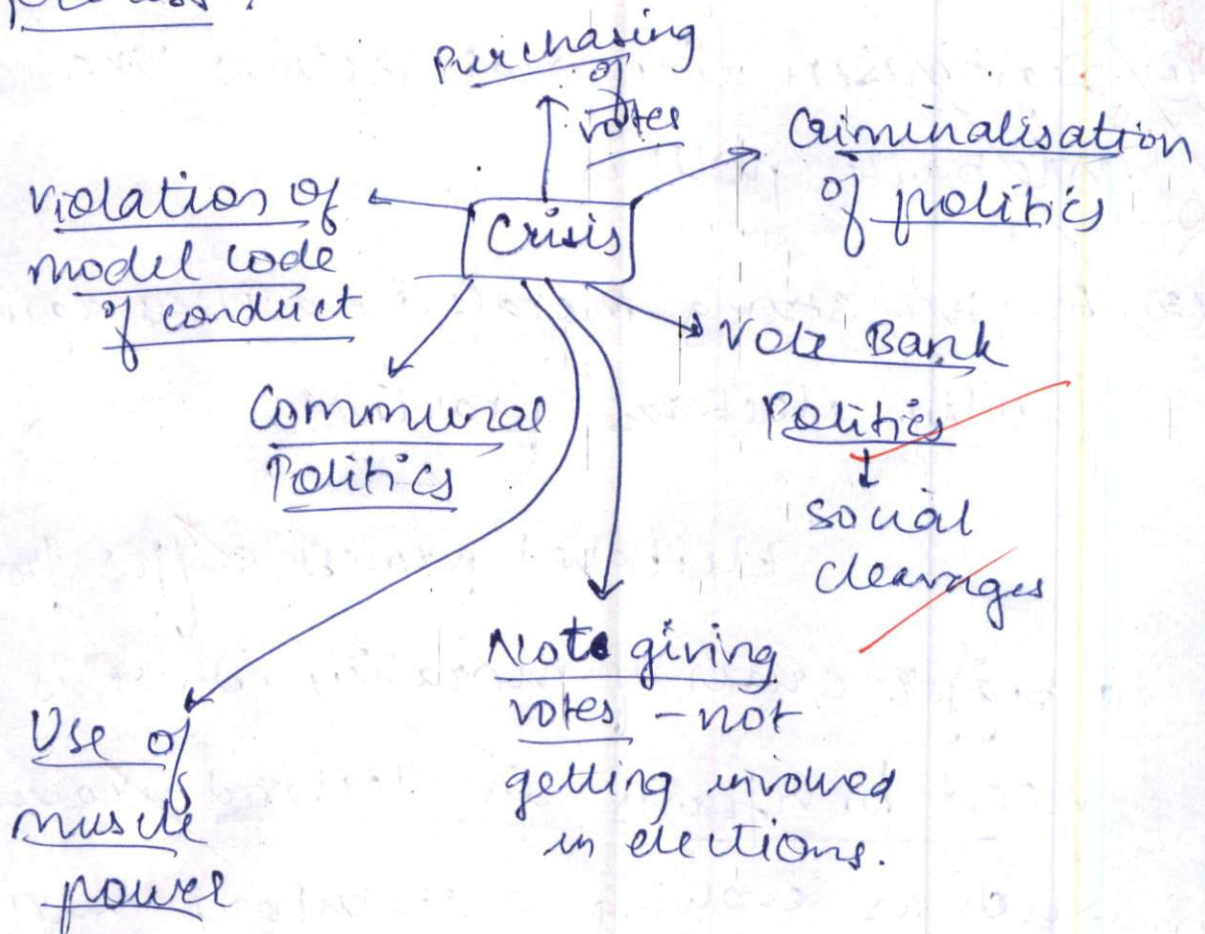
Remarks



Q5. Crisis of morality lies at the heart of all problems besetting India's electoral process. Critically analyse. (10 Marks)

⇒ India's electoral process seems to witness a crisis of morality, as moral principles are seldom followed.

Crisis of morality in India's electoral process :



Remarks



Clear case of crisis of morality:

① A failure to understand distinction between right & wrong acts in electoral process. eg- people couldn't understand moral consequences of purchasing a vote/ not giving a vote

② Legitimises immoral actions like vote bank politics

③ A no strong morals i.e actions against faulty electoral practices

Electoral process suffer from a bigger crisis of morality. There is need for reforms in electoral process such as evolving a statutory model of conduct to solve the problems & restore democratic edifice.

Remarks



Q6. How is sincerity more important than discipline? What is the link between sincerity, honesty and integrity? How does sincerity promote probity in Civil Services?

(10 Marks)

⇒ Sincerity refers to correct way of doing one's duty by upholding laws of the country + exercising one's conscience in situations where laws are silent or requires out of box solution.

Sincerity important than discipline :-

As discipline only focuses on rules & regulations, whereas sincerity not only involves discipline but greater dedication to solve problems.

Link between sincerity, honesty & integrity :-

Integrity can be considered as sum of sincerity & honesty.

eg - A person honest to his superior

Remarks



but helps in getting involved in petty crimes like bribery lacks integrity. But a person with both honesty & sincerity would be honest to his superior as well as avoid superior to get involved in crimes (sincerity) leading to integrity.

[Sincerity to Probity]

- ① Sincerity helps in achieving ~~the~~ uprightness of laws & procedure leading to probity.
- ② Sincerity avoids corruption & enhances public service delivery → probity.

Sincerity, thus, is an important attribute required by a civil servant

3



Q7. Explain the difference between Aristotle's Golden Mean and Kant's Golden Rule. Citing examples, discuss how they can help us take moral decisions in everyday life. (10 Marks)

⇒ Aristotle & Kant, both, are important thinkers, providing solutions to various <sup>ethical</sup> problems.

### Golden Mean

① Avoid extremes

eg- courage - golden mean between coward & fight

Help in moral decisions:

① Dealing with ?  
Conflict of interest  
or ethical dilemmas

eg- Giving flute to <sup>when</sup> A or B - both are equally competent

### Golden Rule

① Avoid acts that cannot be made universal

eg Violation of traffic law avoided

Help in moral decisions:

① Avoid immoral action

eg- Indulging in cutting trees - cannot be made universal as  
↑ climate change

Remarks



eg- Avoiding  
extreme options  
like dereliction of  
duty & blindly  
following seniors'  
advice

Golden Mean & Golden Rules  
both serve as guiding light to solve  
various moral issues of life

Clarity in  
explanation  
missing

1  
1/2  
2

Remarks



- Q8. You are the District Magistrate in a region afflicted by drug trafficking and drug addiction. There is an urgent need to curb these activities to save the youth in particular, and the families in general, from breaking and falling apart. Enumerate five quick measures you think would ameliorate the situation. How? (10 Marks)

⇒ Drug trafficking & Drug addiction are becoming important concerns in modern day world, which require immediate actions to deal with them

Measures:

- ① Setting up deaddiction centres to help drug ~~addicted~~ youths
- ② Strengthen law & order enforcement to address drug trafficking by appointing a nodal officer & a team for purpose - ~~team exercise~~
- ③ Appointing a medical team to reach out to addicts

Remarks



④ Running awareness campaigns involving civil society organisations to ~~do~~ make people aware about drug addiction impacts

⑤ Involving influential persons like Amitabh Bachchan in fight against drugs.

⑥ Taking strict <sup>action</sup> against drug traffickers those who are caught for indulging in such activities creating deterrence.

Drug addiction endangers security of country & also leads to loss of demographic dividend & impacts family & hence must be handled well.

3

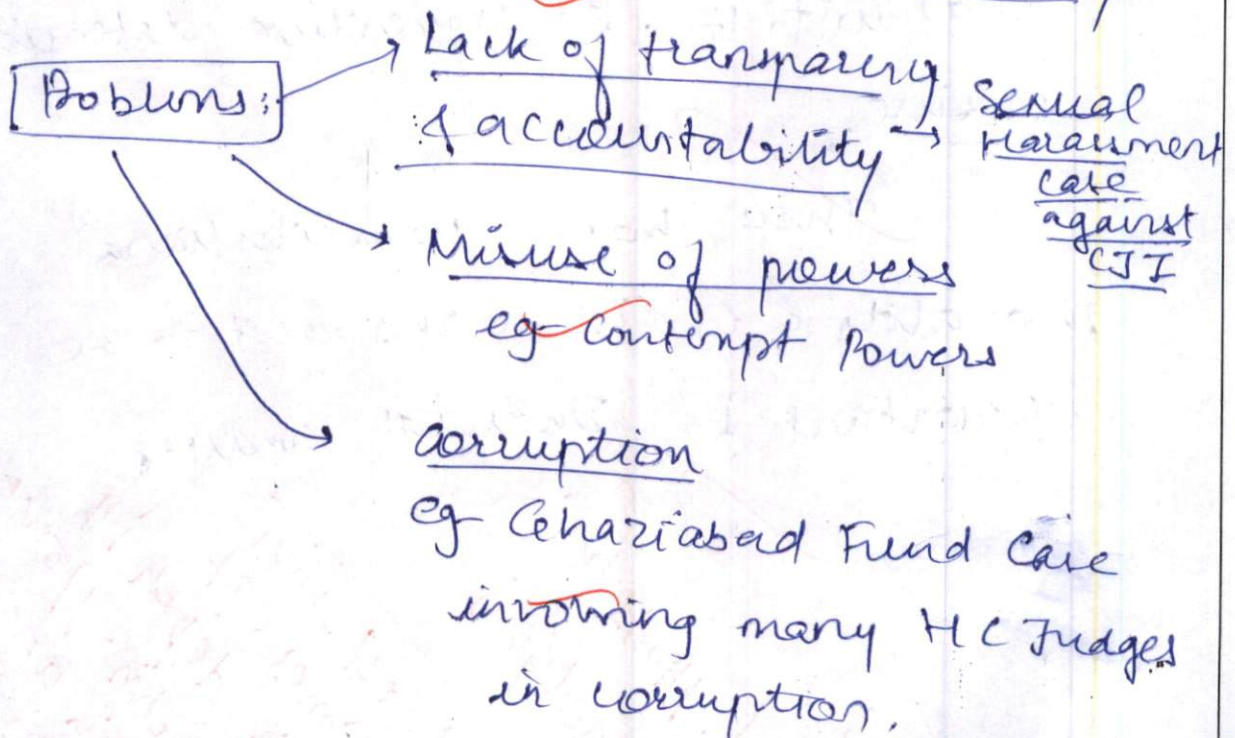


Q9. Judicial conduct needs to be based upon both ethics and constitutional morality and not merely the latter. Comment. (10 Marks)

⇒ Ethics & constitutional morality are important for any constitutional organisation & thus also for judiciary.

However, judiciary is seen upholding only constitutional morality & not ethical principles. eg - Not opening judiciary for transparency (RTI)

Problems with lack of ethics in judiciary :-



Remarks



## Importance of ethics + constitutional morality:-

- ① Constitution silent in many cases → requires ethics to deal with it.
- ② Judicial judgements may have ethical consequences thus, require consideration for ethics → eg-Sabiramela
- ③ Many constitutional provisions may be unethical → Thus require ethics to deal with it. eg- Preventive detention measure.

Thus, both constitutional morality & ethics turns out to be important for Judicial conduct

Remarks

9. Ref. Hints for Analysis  
 Read all hints 2-3 times. It will bring depth in explanation. However your basic understanding is v. good



Q10. You want your son to develop gender neutral attitudes and behaviours. What are the specific steps you could take to help accomplish this goal? (10 Marks)

⇒ Gender neutral attitude & behaviour is important to build just, harmonious & equitable society.

Steps to accomplish the goal :

- ① Giving equal respect to both girl & male child
- ② Subordination of women in family should be avoided → as son looking it at may feel it normal afterwards
- ③ Educating the child the need for respecting all types of persons including transgenders.
- ④ Showing a child the importance of both male & female child by

Remarks



showing his achievements of great women

⑤ Punishing a <sup>or son</sup> child for his misconduct against other gender eg Transgender

⑥ Getting him education in a school where all genders (including transgender) are present & receive equal respect

Making a son gender neutral can help address issues of marginalisation of transgenders & women

32 ✓



Q11. "In India, corruption attacks the fundamental values of human dignity and political equality of the people and hence there is a pressing need to formulate a fundamental human right to corruption-free service". Explain the statement and substantiate using relevant examples. (10 Marks)

→ According to NCRWC, Corruption is misuse of public resources or public office for personal gains

Corruption:

↳ Attacks human dignity:

eg - By endangering life of people by building a faulty bridge

eg - By stripping of capacity of a poor (↓ earnings) by demanding a bribe

↳ Attacks political equality

eg - By favours and nepotism in appointments

eg - By appointing increasing

Remarks



criminalisation of politics.

Need to formulate a fundamental right to corruption free service :-

① Central Vigilance commission suggested to make it fundamental right as:-

① It protects human dignity & political equality

② Enhances public service delivery

③ Provides a legal course to file complaint.

corruption is gross injustice to masses & hence must be handled well

Not explained well

(3)



Q12. What do you understand by Crisis Leadership? What, according to you, are the key components of it? Explain with relevant examples from recent events. (10 Marks)

→ Crisis Leadership means a leadership that emerges in situation of crisis - <sup>govt</sup> ~~govt~~ <sup>time</sup> a person providing leadership during crisis situation to handle the crisis

Key components

- Credibility of leader
- competence of leader
- Trust of people in leader
- leader in a position to handle crisis
- Must be honest, man of integrity & must have devotion to public service
- Understand ethical values well
- Emotionally Intelligent

Remarks



Examples :-

A) Crisis of climate change

India providing leadership to  
international solar alliance

B) Crisis of development in Africa

India taking a lead in ~~ITEC~~  
 development of Africa using ITEC,  
 pan Africa - e Network

C) Crisis of manual scavenging

Kundan Kumar IAS starting a  
 Dalit Janas initiative in  
Budans district

Crisis situations are only to  
 arise requiring greater number of  
 leaders to handle the situation.

2

Remarks



Q13. In the context of John Stuart Mill's Utilitarianism and distributive justice, critically examine the ongoing debate on minimum wages and the various moral and ethical questions it raises. (10 Marks)

→ J.S. Mill's utilitarianism is revision of Jeremy Bentham's concept of utilitarianism. ~~It~~ ~~highlight~~ <sup>It</sup> highlight difference between happiness & pleasure & qualitative difference in pleasures

J.S. Mill's Utilitarianism & Minimum Wages :-

Minimum Wages

✓ Pleasure

• Income support

• Reduces poverty

• Increases choice

X Happiness

• Incentive to stay unemployed

• Doesn't address real issues of declining wages

Remarks



Minimum wages will be like J.S. Mills  
description of "fool satisfied" rather  
than "Socrates satisfied"

It also doesn't solve issue

7

Remarks



### Section - B

Q14. In a particular village, there is a communal tension between two communities. The local SHO has taken a prompt action against trouble makers of both the communities by arresting ring leaders. A powerful minister is putting pressure on the SHO to release arrested persons of a particular community or face suspension. The SHO is an honest and upright officer and has come to you for proper advice as you are a friend of him with a seasoned career in consultations around legal and administrative issues. What are the options that you will put before the SHO? Evaluate the merits and demerits of each option. (20 Marks)

→ Issue : I am friend of SHO, who is facing political pressure to release <sup>persons</sup> ~~leader~~ of particular community convicted of violence

Options Stakeholders :

- ① SHO
- ② Communities
- ③ Minister
- ④ ~~Media~~ (who may raise voice)
- ⑤ Society at large

Options available:

- ① Advise SHO to give into wish of minister & avoid suspension:-

Merits:

- ① Protect SHO's career & avoid political conflict

Remarks



### Demerits:

- ① It would lead to protest from other community
- ② Hurt image of SHO
- ③ Complete dereliction of duty

② Advice SHO to ignore minister's

### Merits:

- ① Avoid protests & shows objectively  
 ( impartiality in conduct
- ② Act as deterrence for future demands
- ③ Shows commitment to values of the country

### Demerits:

- ① May put his career into jeopardy  
 ( may face suspension

Remarks



- ③ Ask SHO to talk with minister about grave consequences of releasing persons of one's community

### Merits:

- ① Clear your position to minister
- ② May help in avoiding communal violence that may result

### Demerits:

- ① However, if minister didn't understand (SHU demands release, it would endanger law & order

Option 3 seems most suitable option. However, if minister still demands release, then SHO shouldn't give into demands of minister & must act objectively & with concern of protecting law & order

(7)



Q15. A villager approached a Block Development Officer (BDO) for certain information which are essential for him. Though the BDO had appointed a Public Information Officer (PIO), yet on three visits, he found PIO to be unavailable and on asking whereabouts of the PIO, the villager did not get satisfactory replies. The villager approached the State Information Commission (SIC) and filed a complaint petition. The commission issued a notice to the villager for preliminary hearing and to verify the facts of the complaints. After three repeated hearings, the Information Commission sent the complaint petition to concerned block development officer for providing the necessary information and closed the case. The BDO intimated the applicant to come on an appointed date and file an RTI application so that the required necessary information could be provided. The villager was fed up with the authorities and gave up the hope of getting the information.

- Do you justify the steps taken by various authorities? If not, why?
  - Had you been the BDO, what would have your course of action, once you got direction from Information Commission?
  - What were the various options available with Information Commission in this particular case and what would have been the best course of action on the part of Commission and why?
- (20 Marks)

→ Case: Villager requesting information for days couldn't get the information due to non-availability of PIO. After filing complaint to SIC, he finally was to receive information from BDO. But due to tedious process, he gave the hope.

(a) Steps taken by :-

(1) BDO :-

He was <sup>at</sup> fault at the first place as <sup>for 3 times</sup> despite PIO was unavailable, he

Remarks



didn't take <sup>any</sup> action → shows lack of devotion to public service

② State Information Commission :-

Did the right action to make BDO deliver the information to the villager, but could have reduced the tedious nature of process

③ [If, I was BDO:]

(1) ~~Once~~, I would have received directions from BDO - I would have immediately called the villager to get the required information by expediting his RTI applications

(2) Great the PIO changed, as he was unavailable for multiple number of times to avoid similar problems to people in future / demanded explanation from PIO for his ~~abs~~ absence & take strict action.



## c) Various options with Information Commission :-

- (1) Asked BDO to take strict action against PIO (immediately release information)
- (2) The one that was taken by STC
- (3) <sup>Seek explanation from</sup> ~~Question~~ BDO, why despite multiple request, BDO didn't take any action.

### Best course:-

Option (1) could have better option, as it shows commitment to increase transparency of organisations & deter PIO from future dereliction of duty.

RTI is master key to good governance. Any delay in receiving information under RTI, undermining the objective of good governance & hence must be avoided.

Remarks

8



Q16. Suppose you are a popular SHO of an urban police station. Under your jurisdiction, several cases of motor bike/scooter theft, mobile phone theft and pickpocket have been reported. Most of these cases have not been properly attended and investigated by the police. The citizens are annoyed because of this. You have decided to bring a citizen's charter to focus on these issues in a time bound manner. Draw out a citizen's charter and suggest how you will bring continuous improvement in the charter. Also, discuss the significance of your citizen's charter and the challenges in executing it.

(20 Marks)

⇒ Issue: Several cases of thefts not attended well by police officials, so charting out a citizen charter to address issue in time bound manner

Citizen charter of police station:

(1) Application to file FIR will be available on www.police.in website

(2) Guidelines to file FIR will be displayed on website as well as police station

(3) Police officials will try at best to resolve cases of theft in 1 week at best

Remarks



(4) Grievance against delay in completion of case can be filed online as well as offline

↳ online on website www.police.in

↳ offline to a nodal officer appointed for the purpose.

Ways to <sup>continuously</sup> improve citizen charter :-

- ① By looking into problems of earlier citizen charter — addressing loopholes
- ② Consultation with civil society organisations
- ③ Looking into & adopting best practices of other police stations
- ④ Citizen charter will be modified in light of new problems being faced

Remarks



by society

Significance of citizen charter:-

- ① Increase transparency & accountability of police stations
- ② Reduce public grievances & built trust in police organisations
- ③ Enhance public service delivery & improvement in law & order

Limitations:

- ① Not legally backed, success depends on conscience of police officials
- ② New problems may emerge, that may affect effective exercise of citizen charter (eg- political pressure)

Citizen charter is best way to address concerns of citizens if implemented in letter & spirit

Remarks

7½



Q17. Mr. X is working as the head of a developmental organization dealing with water supply schemes in an urban area. Y and Z are his two subordinates. Y is the engineering head and Z is the financial head. Both Y and Z were earlier good friends, but now the differences between the two have gone to an all time low. Whenever Y brings any water supply proposal which is sent for the financial concurrence of Z, he makes adverse observations that makes difficult for X to take a final decision. How will X resolve their differences to ensure that water supply schemes do not get delayed?

(20 Marks)

⇒

Issues:

Two friends Y & Z, have turned adversaries affecting the water supply schemes in urban area. Mr X have to resolve this problem

Steps that can be taken by Mr X to resolve the differences

Stakeholders:

- ① Mr X - head of department concerned with enhancing water supply
- ② Mr Z : Financial Head
- ③ Mr Y : Engineering Head
- ④ People : who may be affected by

Remarks



stalemate in organisation (farmers, households, etc)

Steps that can be taken by Mr X :

- ① Arrange a meeting with Mr Y & Mr Z, to resolve their differences
- ② Explaining the need to ensure that water supply remains intact
- ③ Asking Mr Y & Mr Z to co operate, otherwise it may impact people at large.
- ④ Explaining Y & Z that their differences is affecting the credibility of the department
- ⑤ If they can't resolve their differences, then Mr X is left

Remarks



with no options but to either remove one or both from their respective portfolios - , as in no case public life could be endangered due to their rivalry.

⑥ Also, he can deter both Y & Z to resolve their differences or face suspension

Water supply is an important objective to achieve sustainable development Goals (SDG1, SDG2, SDG3, etc)

In no way, rivalry of two officers should be made to affect the clean water supply to people & hence Mex should take actions considering such objective.

✓ 8/12 ✓



Q18. You are the officer-in-charge for the transfer and posting of the personnel of a particular department. This position is very difficult mainly for two reasons, i.e., (1) people closer to the power corridor try to influence you, and (2) the women officers often send requests to postpone transfer orders on the pretext of family responsibilities. Consider the following situations and give your views with suitable explanations.

- (a) A Cabinet Minister sends a D.O. letter (semi-official letter) to you regarding the posting of an official on a supposedly 'lucrative assignment' for which you have already decided to appoint a more competent officer with a good track record of honesty, integrity, probity and timely delivery. What will you do?
- (b) As per the rules in your department, every officer needs to be transferred from one destination to another after three years. A woman officer comes to you with a request that as the new destination allotted to her is far flung and remote, she would fail to provide medical treatment to her ageing and sick in-laws who need constant clinical help. But according to her innate qualities and high level of expertise, the new destination would need an officer like her to deliver best results and meet official targets. What will you do?
- (c) The position of the officer-in-charge of transfer and posting provides a very lucrative opportunity to make money and cultivate liaison for a life time. One should not be 'too idealistic' to ignore such opportunities and must adopt a 'pragmatic approach'. Do you agree? Give reasons. (20 Marks)

⇒ Administration is a difficult task often faced with various problems like political interference & conflict of interest, which must be handled keeping intact honesty, integrity, objectivity, transparency & openness.

(a) Cabinet minister's D.O. letter:

(i) ~~check~~ check credentials of the candidate requested to be appointed. If he

Remarks



is more meritorious than one, I appointed, appoint the requested candidate.

(i) otherwise, appoint the candidate one I chose by giving explanations to minister that it may hurt efficiency of public service delivery (objectivity)

(b) Transfer of women officer:

(i) Looking into medical facilities of the area

(ii) If adequate facilities are not available, women officer can be given travel allowance to visit a medical facility nearby

(iii) However, given the competence of the women officer, no way transferring can be stopped. <sup>Also</sup> It may also lead to similar demands from other employees.

Remarks



© A lucrative opportunity:-

No, I do not agree:

- (i) It gives ~~to~~ legitimacy to wrong acts - (Banality of Evil)
- (ii) It hurts efficiency of organisations & public service delivery
- (iii) ~~It may lead to future corruption & thus may endanger my position.~~

Being an officer in charge of appointments, I must carry out my duty objectively & without bias showing commitment to constitutional & organisational values

8



Q19. A police officer has been assigned the duty to control petty crimes like snatching, stealing, pick-pocketing and immodest behaviour against passing-by women in a particular locality of a city dotted by several shanty residential slums with lot of street urchins and extremely poor and unemployed households. Despite his good and humane intentions, he is not able to control crime in the region. Some people complained to the boss of the police officer that the concerned police officer is professionally undeserving as he is not able to create terror among the perpetrators of the crime in the area. They argue that he should give third-degree punishment to the slum dwellers so that they are deterred once and for all from committing crimes. There is no use of attributes like sensitivity, humanity and kindness in police services. The officer should soon be replaced by another officer who uses his powers to scare the criminals. The boss of the police officer, however, finds that the concerned officer is very dedicated and does his duty with honesty and sensitivity. Nevertheless, he directs the concerned police officer to be tougher on the criminals so that grievances of the people are addressed soon. The concerned police officer introspects and he is very confused about what he should do. What options does he have to solve various problems of this case?

(20 Marks)

→ Issue :-

A police officer concerned of handling petty crimes is unable to execute his duty to wishes of people.

Options with officer :-

(1) Take strict action against slum dwellers as requested by some people.

Merits :-

(a) Deter slum dwellers to involve in such acts

(b) Address dissatisfaction of people

Remarks



& restore faith in him

Demerits :-

(1) Need to solve problems of poverty & unemployment, giving 3<sup>rd</sup> degree treatment to slum dwellers goes against human dignity.

(2) Giving a warning to slum dwellers to mend their ways or face action

Merits :

(a) Deterrence creation

Demerits :

(1) Might not be effective, as already may have tried before.

(2) Asking the concerned department to undertake development of slum area, addressing concerns of poverty

& unemployment to decrease crime rate :-

Remarks

Not appropriate  
 within  
 Reel as  
 again



Merits:

- ① Seems the most suitable action, as it would reduce involvement in petty crimes.
- ② Also, development of slum area will reduce poverty & unemployment in the area.

As a police officer, it is duty to ensure law & order in the area.

But, going with 3-degree treatment doesn't address the issues. It overshadows the larger problem of underdevelopment of slums. So, the concerned police officer must try to maintain law & order, but also undertake steps to help in development of the area.

Remarks

