

GSSCORE

An Institute for Civil Services

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AIR 205

CSE 2024

POLITY (GS PAPER-II)

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POLITY - 7

Time Allowed: 50 Mins.

Max. Marks: 75

Q.	Marks	Instructions to Candidate
1.		- There are 5 questions. - All questions are compulsory. - The number of marks carried by a question is indicated against it. - Answer the questions in 250 words each. All questions carry equal marks. $15 \times 5 = 75$ Marks - Keep the word limit indicated in the questions in mind. - Answers must be written within the space provided. - Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
Total Marks	30	
Name:	Satyam Chaturvedi	
Roll No.:	117343	
Mobile No.:		
Date:		
Signature:	Satyam Chaturvedi	
Mode of Exam:	offline	

Mention any doubt or query that you have regarding your copy for our mentors/evaluators

1. Evaluation Date _____

2. Evaluator's Signature _____



- Q1. The Constitution of India assures to the Comptroller and Auditor General (CAG) the constitutional independence and has placed him beyond fear or favor of the executive. Elaborate. Also, highlight the limitation on the role of the CAG.

(15 Marks) (250 Words)

The Role and functions of the CAG are mentioned in Article 148-151 of the constitution.

CAG has been called as the "Guardian of public purse" and the "friend, philosopher and the Guide of public Accounts committee".

good intro with articles and key phrases

Constitutional Independence of CAG :-

1. It is constitutional Body and doesn't need any statutory Backing.

2. Its Role and functions are clear and written in the constitution.

3. It has autonomy in respect of its regulation of staff.

could have mentioned them under headings

salary

reappointment
↓
security of tenure

Remarks

Beyond Fear & Favour from Executive.

1. His salaries are charged on consolidated Fund of India
↳ so, ~~can't~~ be change in his disadvantage good coverage
2. He is removed only through parliament, as per ~~procedure~~ that is equivalent to ~~chief~~ Justice of Supreme Court
3. He is not entitled for any public office after the service. good
4. He has autonomy in decision taking for its staff, ~~audit~~ & other day to day functions.
5. He is Appointed through a committee, consisting of opposition as well as ~~judiciary~~.

Remarks

Limitations to Role of CAG:

1. Comptroller functions has not be defined and it only act as auditor after the work has been ~~done~~. you have addressed
2. shortage of staff —: lead to only ~~the~~ necessary some no. of audits of ministry/departments points
3. His Reports are not binding. and
4. No power to take action against the good mis-governance and non compliance of conceptual Rules and regulations. clarity
5. No definitive conditions for employment.
6. mostly bureaucrats have been made — way lead to biasness.

Hence, it is imperative we may give power and more "teeth" to CAG to undergo the financial prudence. } fine

Feedback (for office use only)

1. Clarity:	fine	2. Relevance:	good
3. Depth:		4. Structure:	

Q2. Highlighting the Constitutional Provisions of State Finance Commission (SFC), examine the issues associated with their functioning. (15 Marks) (250 Words)

State Finance Commission (SFC) has been mentioned in Article 243-I of part IX of constitution, inserted by 73rd CAA 1992. ouip intro

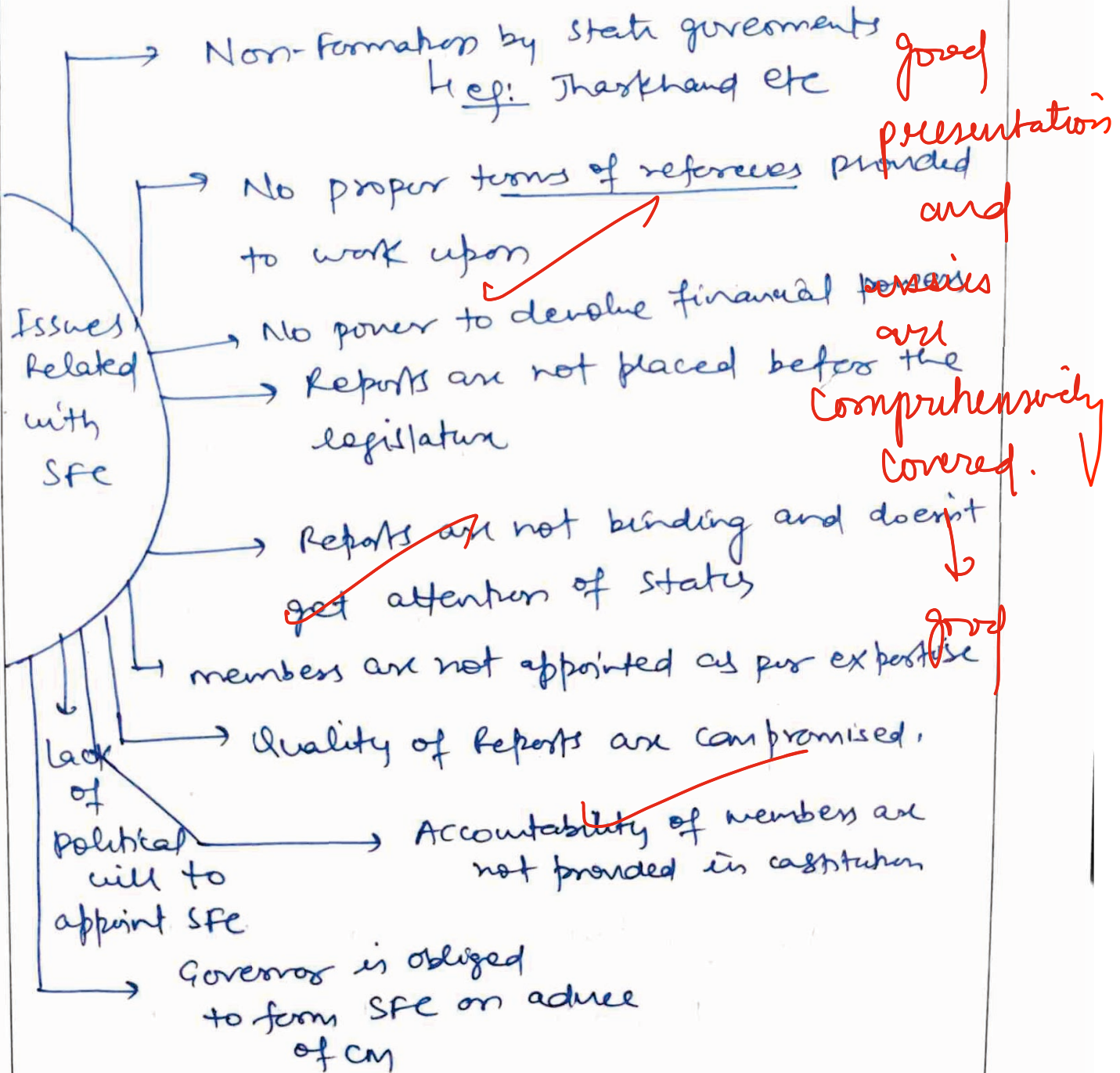
various functions of SFC are : —

- (a) to decide the distribution of proceeds of taxes between state government and panchayat Raj institutions / local bodies. well mentioned points try to write
- (b) to search for augmenting of resources for local bodies besides the funds provided by Centre & State and taxes (local). respective titles as
- (c) to decide the amounts of grants-in-aid to local bodies and P.R.I.s. headings

Art 243 I
Art 243 Y

Remarks

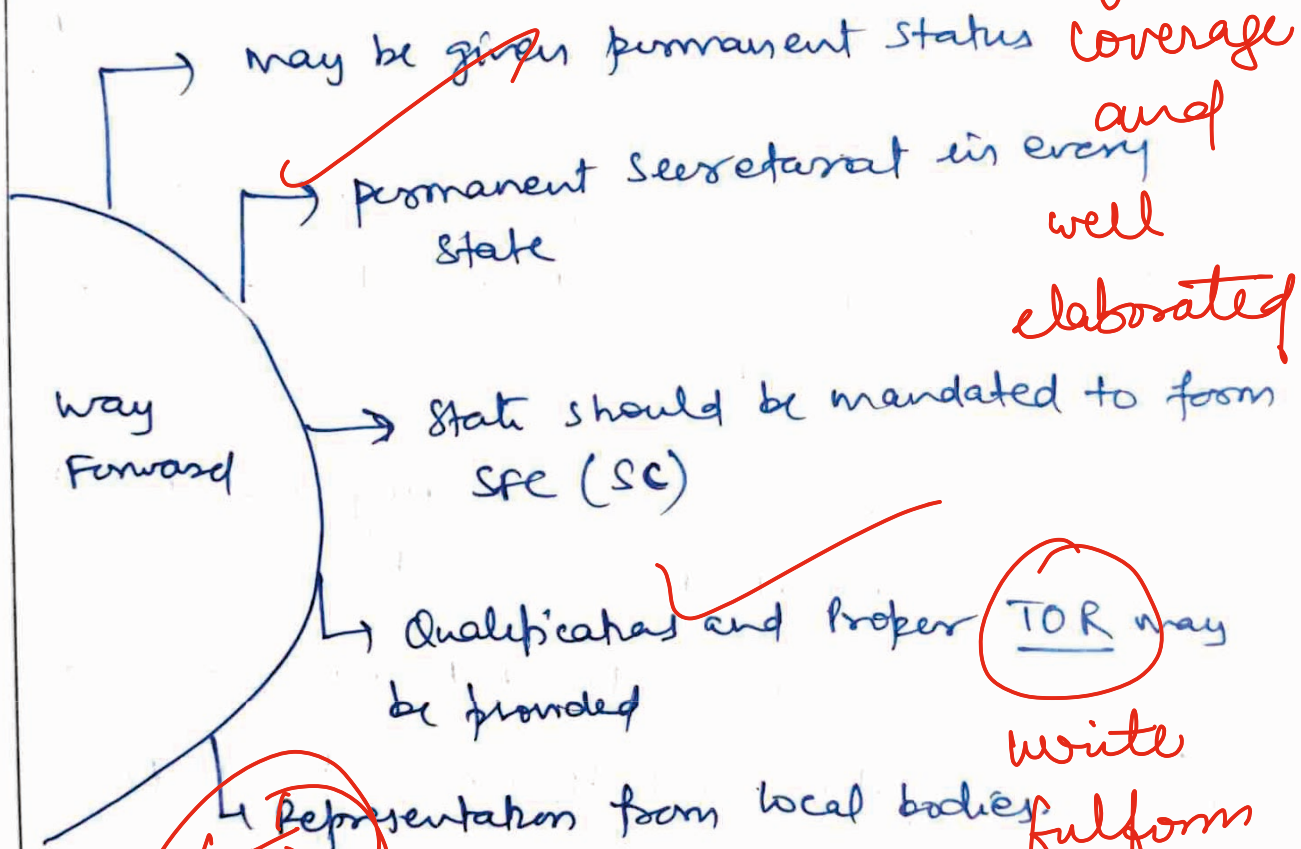
(d) to do other work, as provided in term of reference.



Remarks

Yet,

— SFC has worked for democratic decentralization and for fair and just distribution of taxes and funds to PRIs.



Therefore, SFC can become a bulwark for democratic decentralization and cooperative federalism, if given sufficient autonomy.

final conclusion

Feedback (for office use only)

1. Clarity:	good	2. Relevance:	good
3. Depth:	understanding	4. Structure:	

- Q3. Bringing out the limitations which have weakened the functioning of the Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI), explain how professionalism and accountability could be ensured in this investigating agency. (15 Marks) (250 Words)

Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) ^{with} has been called as "caged Parrot" by the Supreme Court. This denotion to the highest investigation agency of the country, shows the declining legitimacy of CBI.

Limitations with CBI, that has weakened its functioning are: —

1. Political Interference

↳ used as political tool for vendetta and as a revenge tool.

2. Problems with Appointment Process:

↳ Removal before full term (director)
↳ Appointment through majority and not consensus.

discrepancy with recent controversies in

Remarks

3. Not have its own Statutory Backing:

↳ originated from DPSE Act 1946

4. Shortage of Staff:

↳ At Additional director, Joint director and Inspector level.

5. All India service officers at top:

↳ with less Experience in CB's domain

6. Same wing for investigation and Prosecution

7. Non-compliance with various guidelines & committees of government

Way forward ⇒

By Ensuring Accountability:

1. Strict compliance of Bakshi Singh Guidelines

good points

elaborate

their

content

is

being

discuss

them

→ reliance on outdated

forensic and investigation

techniques

ques.

Remarks

2. Strict tenure of Directors
3. Should not be retiring in 02 years
4. No government office after retirement
5. A SOP to complete cases in required time.
6. Lateral Entry for Expertise.

explain

through
legislation
& reduced

→ govt
control

Professionalism

1. By ensuring a citizen charter
2. online updation of cases
3. Division of investigation and prosecution wing.

→ upgrade
technology
- etc.

learn
from
global
practices

4. Appointment & removal by independent committee
5. Authority to take its own decisions

govt

hence, these steps can bring parrot i.e. CBI
out of cage and fulfill the Right to Just
and equal police system

govt

context
clarity
and
question
is
good

S+2

elaboration
of above
points required

Feedback (for office use only)

1. Clarity:	2. Relevance:
3. Depth:	4. Structure:

- Q4. Explain the powers of the Union Public Service Commission with special focus on its advisory powers. Briefly mention what changes can be brought about in the institution. (15 Marks) (250 Words)

Union Public Service Commission (UPSC)
is mention in Article 315 to 323 of the constitution. It is constitutional body formed for the conduct of fair and free examination for services in the Union and state (if necessary)

good points

Powers of UPSC —

1. To conduct Examination and recommend candidates to DoPT for further recruitment for AIS officers and Group A ^{other} officers.
2. To conduct Exams for state services, if requested by state government or group of states.
3. To give advice to President regarding

Remarks

Service conditions of the all Group A officers of union.

→ Payment, expenditure

4. UPSC can also recommend the termination of any probationary officer etc.

and other related issues

Advisory Powers —

→ regarding discipline and promptness

1. Advice on Service matter, qualification, pattern of Examination, vigilance as per CCS Rules.

Government

functioning

2. UPSC is bound to give advice but its advice is not binding.

well

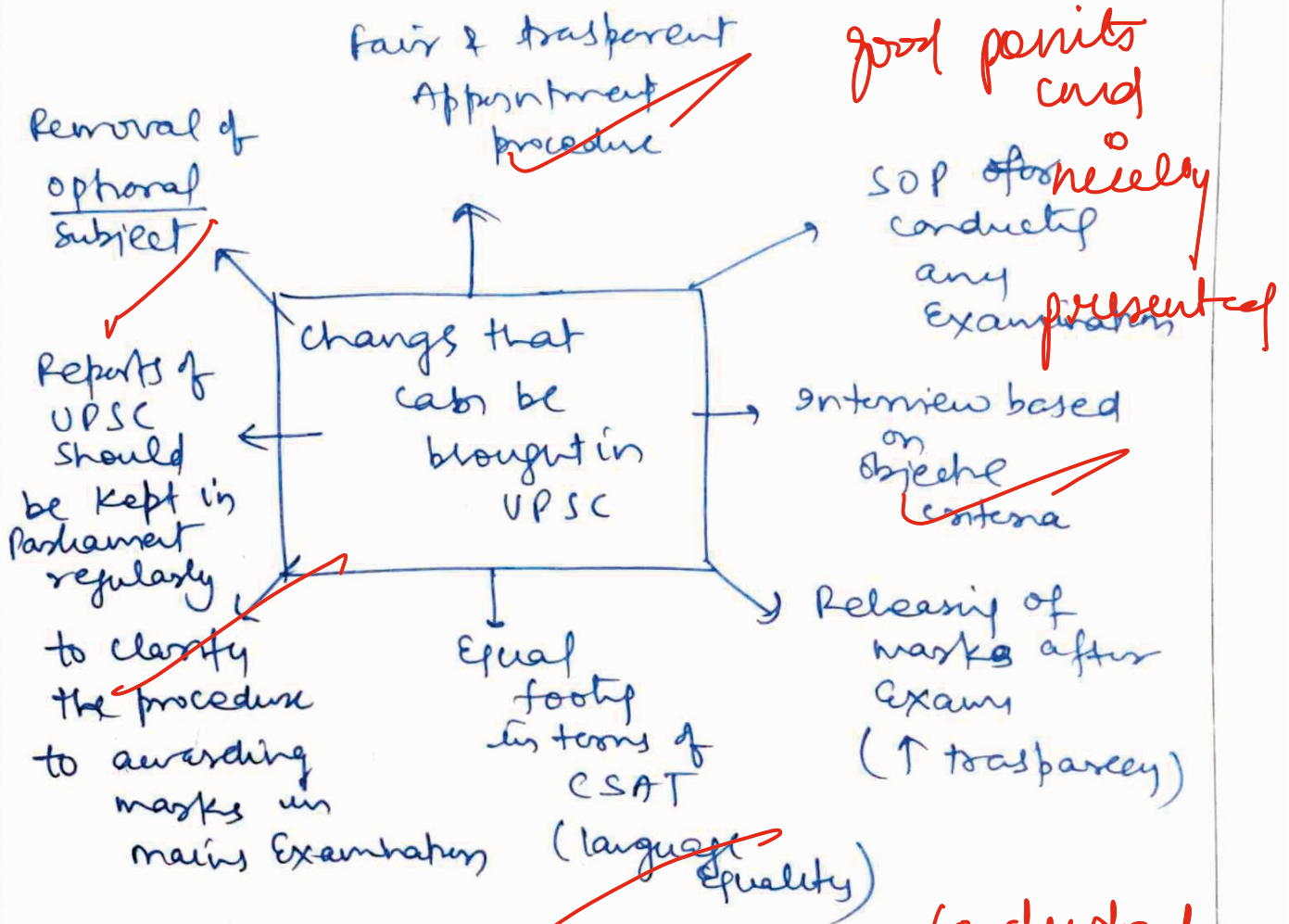
3. As per CCS(CCA) Rules 1972, before proceeding into Enquiry against any group A officer of union, it is mandatory to take advice of UPSC.

explained

4. However, its advisory jurisdiction is limited.

poor

Remarks



Hence, UPSC is synonymous with the values of transparency and fair conduct of Exams. have been in bad light recently due to several incidents. Therefore, it is needed to increase the accountability & fair selection process by adopting above practices.

Feedback (for office use only)

1. Clarity:	2. Relevance:
3. Depth:	4. Structure:

- Q5. Discuss the role played by the Attorney General (AG) of India in both inside and outside the Parliament. Also, highlight the limitation of the function of the AG.
(15 Marks) (250 Words)

Attorney General of India is mentioned in the Article 76 of the constitution and he is the highest advocate of country, assisted by several assistants and solicitor general of India.
(ASG) (SG)

crisp &
too
the
point
into 1

Role played by AGI

① Inside Parliament —

1. He is entitled to speak before the parliament. However, not entitled to vote.
2. He is responsible for giving legal suggestions to ministers and in case of members, to speaker.
3. He also provides members with legal situation of any issue.

will
discussed
provisions

Remarks

② Outside Parliament

- your points are valid and good
- (i) He is the representative of Union govern-ment in all courts of the country.
 - (ii) He is the sole speaker on behalf of Union government in various courts like supreme court.
 - (iii) He defend Union government against cases filed against state.

factually clarity

There remained various renowned AG of India like MC Setalvad, Sorabjee etc, who has played a role in legal aid to poor and various interpretations of texts.

However, there are some limitations on its powers : —

1. He can be removed by president on

Remarks

whims, as he is appointed & serve on pleasure of president.

2. He can't be practise against the government or any body associated with it.

3. Whitation to defend the policies of government, as he is appointed as per Com's choice.

4. However, he can practise after the resignation or completion of term.

discuss
the
changing
governance

requires A.G.'s
sole
modification

concluded

precisely

There is a need to strengthen the legal strength of country especially government counsel, in increasing environment of max international and inter-state disputes, which hamper the image of government. Hence, proper training and institutions must be strengthened for it.

Feedback (for office use only)

1. Clarity:

2. Relevance:

3. Depth:

4. Structure: