

HISTORY TEST SERIES 2022



26

DECEMBER, 2021

Test Timings: 9:00 PM to 12:00 Noon
Test Discussion: Online

PROGRAM FEE ₹ 15000 + GST

- Total 16 Tests including 8 Sectional Test & 4 Revision & 4 Mock Test
- Learn Art of Answer Writing from Expert in History Optional
- 4 Specified Classes on Map with Material.
- Complete Mentorship with approach & Strategy for History Optional
- Doubt Clearance through One on One Discussion
- All Test will be based on recent UPSC Pattern

☎ 8448496262

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Mentor: SHIVLAL GUPTA

SCHEDULE

PAPER: 1

TEST NO. & DATE	TOPICS & SUB TOPICS
<p style="text-align: center;">TEST: 01</p> <p style="text-align: center;">26 DECEMBER, 2021</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="528 947 1431 1167"> <p>1. Sources:</p> <p>Archaeological Sources :Exploration, Excavation, Epigraphy, Numismatics, Monuments. Literary Sources: Indigenous: Primary and Secondary; Poetry, Scientific Literature, Literature, Literature In Regional Languages, Religious Literature.Foreign Account: Greek, Chinese And Arab Writers.</p> <li data-bbox="528 1193 1431 1317"> <p>2. Pre-History & Proto-History :</p> <p>Geographical Factors; Hunting & Gathering (Paleolithic & Mesolithic); Beginning of Agriculture (Neolithic & Chalcolithic).</p> <li data-bbox="528 1344 1431 1467"> <p>3. Indus Valley Civilization:</p> <p>Origin, Date, Extent, Characteristics-Divide, Survival And Significance, Art And Architecture.</p> <li data-bbox="528 1494 1431 1653"> <p>4. Megalithic Cultures:</p> <p>Distribution of Pastoral and Farming Cultures Outside the Indus, Development of Community Life, Settlements, Development of Agriculture, Crafts, Pottery, and Iron Industry.</p> <li data-bbox="528 1680 1431 1861"> <p>5. Aryans & Vedic Period :</p> <p>Expansions of Aryans in India :Vedic Period: Religious and philosophic literature; Transformation from Rig Vedic period to the later Vedic period; Political, social and economical life; Significance of the Vedic Age; Evolution of Monarchy and Varna system.</p> <li data-bbox="528 1888 1431 2072"> <p>6. Period of Mahajanapadas:</p> <p>Formation of States (Mahajanapada): Republics and monarchies; Rise of urban centres; Trade routes; Economic growth; Introduction of coinage; Spread of Jainism and Buddhism; Rise of Magadha and Nandas. Iranian and Mecedonian invasions and their impact.</p>

TEST NO. & DATE	TOPICS & SUB TOPICS
<p style="text-align: center;">TEST: 02</p> <p style="text-align: center;">02 JANUARY, 2022</p>	<p>7. Mauryan Empire:</p> <p>Foundation of The Mauryan Empire, Chandragupta, Kautilya and Arthashastra; Ashoka; Concept of Dharma; Edicts; Polity, Administration, Economy; Art, Architecture And Sculpture; External Contacts; Religion; Spread of Religion; Literature. Disintegration of The Empire; Sungas and Kanvas.</p> <p>8. Post-Mauryan Period (Indo-Greeks, Sakas, Kushanas, Western Kshatrapas):</p> <p>Contact With Outside World; Growth of Urban Centres, Economy, Coinage, Development of Religions, Mahayana, Social Conditions, Art, Architecture, Culture, Literature and Science.</p> <p>9. Early State and Society In Eastern India, Deccan & South India:</p> <p>Kharavela, The Satavahanas, Tamil States of The Sangam Age; Administration, Economy, Land Grants, Coinage, Trade Guilds and Urban Centres; Buddhist Centres; Sangam Literature & Culture; Art & Architecture.</p> <p>10. Guptas, Vakatakas And Vardhanas:</p> <p>Polity & Administration, Economic Conditions, Coinage of The Guptas, Land Grants, Decline of Urban Centres, Indian Feudalism, Caste System, Position of Women, Education & Educational Institutions; Nalanda, Vikramshila & Vallabhi, Literature, Scientific Literature, Art & Architecture.</p> <p>11. Regional States During Gupta Era:</p> <p>The Kadambas, Pallavas, Chalukyas Of Badami; Polity & Administration, Trade Guilds, Literature; Growth of Vaishnava and Saiva Religions. Tamil Bhakit Movement, Shankaracharya; Vedanta; Institutions of Temple and Temple Architecture; Palas, Senas, Rashtrakutas, Paramaras, Polity and Administration; Cultural Aspects. Arab Conquest of Sind; Alberuni, The Chalukya as of Kalyana, Cholas, Hoysalas, Pandyas; Polity and Administration; Local Government; Growth of Art and Architecture, Religious Sects, Institution of Temple and Mathas, Agraharas, Education and Literature, Economy & Society.</p> <p>12. Themes in Early Indian Cultural History:</p> <p>Languages and Texts, Major Stages in the Evolution of Art and Architecture, Major Philosophical Thinkers and Schools, Ideas in Science and Mathematics.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">TEST: 03</p> <p style="text-align: center;">09 JANUARY, 2022</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Anciant History Revision Test (Full Syalbus)</p>

TEST NO. & DATE	TOPICS & SUB TOPICS
<p style="text-align: center;">TEST: 04</p> <p style="text-align: center;">16 JANUARY, 2022</p>	<p>13. Early Medieval India, 750-1200:</p> <p>Polity: Major Political Developments in Northern India and The Peninsula, Origin and The Rise of Rajputs.</p> <p>The Cholas: Administration, Village Economy and Society "Indian Feudalism".</p> <p>Agrarian Economy & Urban Settlements.</p> <p>Trade & Commerce.</p> <p>Society: The Status of The Brahman and The New Social Order.</p> <p>Condition of Women.</p> <p>Indian Science & Technology.</p> <p>14. Cultural Traditions in India, 750-1200:</p> <p>Philosophy: Skankaracharya And Vedanta, Ramanuja And Vishishtadvaita, Madhva AND Brahma-Mimansa.</p> <p>Religion: Forms & Features of Religion, Tamil Devotional Cult, Growth of Bhakti, Islam and Its Arrival in India, Sufism.</p> <p>Literature: Literature In Sanskrit, Growth of Tamil Literature, Literature in The Newly Developing Languages, Kalhan's Rajtarangini, Alberuni's India.</p> <p>Art & Architecture: Temple Architecture, Sculpture, Painting.</p> <p>15. The Thirteenth Century:</p> <p>Establishment of The Delhi Sultanate: The Ghurian Invasions - Factors Behind Ghurian Success.</p> <p>Economic, Social And Cultural Consequences.</p> <p>Foundation of Delhi Sultanate and Early Turkish Sultans.</p> <p>Consolidation: The Rule of Ilutmish and Balban.</p> <p>16. The Fourteenth Century:</p> <p>"The Khalji Revolution".</p> <p>Alauddin Khalji: Conquests and Territorial Expansion, Agrarian and Economic Measure.</p> <p>Muhammad Tughluq: Major Projects, Agrarian Measures, Bureaucracy of Muhammad Tughluq.</p> <p>Firuz Tughluq: Agrarian Measures, Achievements in Civil Engineering and Public Works, Decline of The Sultanate, Foreign Contacts and IBN Battuta's Account.</p> <p>17. Society, Culture And Economy in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Centuries:</p> <p>Society: Composition Of Rural Society, Ruling Classes, Town Dwellers, Women, Religious Classes, Caste and Slavery Under The Sultanate, Bhakti Movement, Sufi Movement.</p>

TEST NO. & DATE	TOPICS & SUB TOPICS
	<p>Culture: Persian Literature, Literature in The Regional Languages of North India, Literature in The Languages of South India, Sultanate Architecture And New Structural Forms, Painting, Evolution of A Composite Culture.</p> <p>Economy: Agricultural Production, Rise of Urban Economy and Non-Agricultural Production, Trade and Commerce.</p> <p>18. The Fifteenth and Early Sixteenth Century-Political Developments & Economy:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Rise Of Provincial Dynasties: Bengal, Kashmir (Zainul Abedin), Gujarat. ◦ Malwa, Bahmanids. ◦ The Vijayanagara Empire. ◦ Lodis. ◦ Mughal Empire, First Phase: Babur, Humayun. ◦ The Sur Empire: Sher Shah's Administration. ◦ Portuguese Colonial Enterprise, Bhakti and Sufi Movements.
<p>TEST: 05</p> <p>23 JANUARY, 2022</p>	<p>19. The Fifteenth and Early Sixteenth Century- Society and culture:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Regional cultures specificities. ◦ Literary traditions. ◦ Provincial architectural. ◦ Society, culture, literature and the arts in Vijayanagara Empire. <p>20. Akbar:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Conquests and consolidation of empire. ◦ Establishment of jagir and mansab systems. ◦ Rajput policy. ◦ Evolution of religious and social outlook. Theory of Sulh-i-kul and religious policy. ◦ Court patronage of art and technology. <p>21. Mughal Empire in the Seventeenth Century:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Major administrative policies of Jahangir, Shahjahan and Aurangzeb. ◦ The Empire and the Zamindars. ◦ Religious policies of Jahangir, Shahjahan and Aurangzeb. ◦ Nature of the Mughal State. ◦ Late Seventeenth Century crisis and the revolts.

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ The Ahom kingdom. ◦ Shivaji and the early Maratha Kingdom. <p>22. Economy and society, in the 16th and 17th Centuries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Population Agricultural and craft production. ◦ Towns, commerce with Europe through Dutch, English and French companies : a trade revolution. ◦ Indian mercantile classes. Banking, insurance and credit systems. ◦ Conditions of peasants, Condition of Women. ◦ Evolution of the Sikh community and the Khalsa Panth. <p>23. Culture during Mughal Empire:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Persian histories and other literature. ◦ Hindi and religious literatures. ◦ Mughal architecture. ◦ Mughal painting. ◦ Provincial architecture and painting. ◦ Classical music. ◦ Science and technology. <p>24. The Eighteenth Century:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Factors for the decline of the Mughal Empire. ◦ The regional principalities: Nizam's Deccan, Bengal, Awadh. ◦ Maratha ascendancy under the Peshwas. ◦ The Maratha fiscal and financial system. ◦ Emergence of Afghan power Battle of Panipat, 1761. ◦ State of, political, cultural and economic, on eve of the British conquest.
<p>TEST: 06</p> <p>30 JANUARY, 2022</p>	<p>Medieval History Revision Test (Full Syllabus)</p>

PAPER: 2

TEST NO. & DATE	TOPICS & SUB TOPICS
<p style="text-align: center;">TEST: 07</p> <p style="text-align: center;">06 FEBRUARY, 2022</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <p>1. European Penetration into India:</p> <p>The Early European Settlements; The Portuguese and the Dutch; The English and the French East India Companies; Their struggle for supremacy; Carnatic Wars; Bengal-The conflict between the English and the Nawabs of Bengal; Siraj and the English; The Battle of Plassey; Significance of Plassey.</p> <p>2. British Expansion in India:</p> <p>Bengal-Mir Jafar and Mir Kasim; The Battle of Buxar; Mysore; The Marathas; The three Anglo-Maratha Wars; The Punjab.</p> <p>3. Early Structure of the British Raj:</p> <p>The Early administrative structure; From diarchy to direct control; The Regulating Act (1773); The Pitt's India Act (1784); The Charter Act (1833); The Voice of free trade and the changing character of British colonial rule; The English utilitarian and India.</p> <p>4. Economic Impact of British Colonial Rule:</p> <p>(a) Land revenue settlements in British India; The Permanent Settlement; Ryotwari Settlement; Mahalwari Settlement; Economic impact of the revenue arrangements; Commercialization of agriculture; Rise of landless agrarian labourers; Impoverishment of the rural society.</p> <p>(b) Dislocation of traditional trade and commerce; De-industrialisation; Decline of traditional crafts; Drain of wealth; Economic transformation of India; Railroad and communication network including telegraph and postal services; Famine and poverty in the rural interior; European business enterprise and its limitations.</p> <p>5. Social and Cultural Developments:</p> <p>The state of indigenous education, its dislocation; Orientalist-Anglicist controversy, The introduction of western education in India; The rise of press, literature and public opinion; The rise of modern vernacular literature; Progress of Science; Christian missionary activities in India.</p> <p>6. Social and Religious Reform Movements in Bengal and Other Areas:</p> <p>Ram Mohan Roy, The Brahma Movement; Devendranath Tagore; Iswarchandra Vidyasagar; The Young Bengal Movement; Dayanada Saraswati; The social reform movements in India including Sati, widow remarriage, child marriage etc.; The contribution of Indian renaissance to the growth of modern India; Islamic revivalism-the Feraizi and Wahabi Movements.</p> <p>7. Indian Response to British Rule:</p> <p>Peasant movement and tribal uprisings in the 18th and 19th centuries including the Rangpur Dhing (1783), the Kol Rebellion (1832),</p>

TEST NO. & DATE	TOPICS & SUB TOPICS
	<p>The Mopla Rebellion in Malabar (1841-1920), the Santal Hul (1855), Indigo Rebellion (1859-60), Deccan Uprising (1875) and the Munda Ulgulan (1899-1900); The Great Revolt of 1857 –Origin, character, casuses of failure, the consequences; The shift in the character of peasant uprisings in the post-1857 period; the peasant movements of the 1920s and 1930s.</p> <p>8. Factors leading to the birth of Indian Nationalism; Politics of Association; The Foundation of the Indian National Congress; The Safety-valve thesis relating to the birth of the Congress; Programme and objectives of Early Congress; the social composition of early Congress leadership; the Moderates and Extremists; The Partition of Bengal (1905); The Swadeshi Movement in Bengal; the economic and political aspects of Swadeshi Movement; The beginning of revolutionary extremism in India.</p>
<p>TEST: 08</p> <p>13 FEBRUARY, 2022</p>	<p>9. Rise Of Gandhi; Character Of Gandhian Nationalism; Gandhi's Popular Appeal; Rowlatt Satyagraha; The Khilafat Movement; The Non-Cooperation Movement; National Politics From The End Of The Non-Cooperation Movement To The Beginning of the Civil Disobedience Movement; The Two Phases of The Civil Disobedience Movement; Simon Commission; The Nehru Report; The Round Table Conferences; Nationalism and The Peasant Movements; Nationalism and Working Class Movements; Women and Indian Youth and Students in Indian Politlcs (1885-1947); The Election of 1937 and The Formation of Ministries; Cripps Mission; The Quit India Movement; The Wavell Plan; The Cabinet Mission.</p> <p>10. Constitutional Developments in The Colonial India Between 1858 & 1935.</p> <p>11. Other Strands in The National Movement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ The Revolutionaries: Bengal, The Punjab, Maharashtra, U.P. The Madras Presidency, Outside India. ◦ The Left; The Left Within The Congress: Jawaharlal Nehru, Subhas Chandra Bose, The Congress Socialist Party; The Communist Party Of India, Other Left PaRties. <p>12. Politics Of Separatism; The Muslim League; The Hindu Mahasabha; Communalism And The Politics Of Partition; Transfer Of Power; Independence.</p> <p>13. Consolidation As A Nation; Nehru's Foreign Policy; India And Her Neighbours (1947-1964); The Linguistic Reorganisation Of States (1935-1947); Regionalism And Regional Inequality; Integration Of Princely States; Princes In Electoral Politics; The Question Of National Language.</p> <p>14. Caste And Ethnicity After 1947; Backward Castes and Tribes in Post-Colonial Electoral PoLitics; Dalit Movements.</p> <p>15. Economic Development and Political Change; Land Reforms; The Politics of Planning and Rural Reconstruction; Ecology and Environmental Policy in Post-Colonial India; Progress of Science.</p>
<p>TEST: 09</p> <p>20 FEBRUARY, 2022</p>	<p>Modern History Revision Test (Full Syllabus)</p>

TEST NO. & DATE	TOPICS & SUB TOPICS
<p style="text-align: center;">TEST: 10</p> <p style="text-align: center;">27 FEBRUARY, 2022</p>	<p>16. Enlightenment and Modern Ideas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Major Ideas of Enlightenment: Kant, Rousseau. ◦ Spread of Enlightenment in The Colonies. ◦ Rise of Socialist Ideas (Up to Marx); Spread of Marxian Socialism. <p>17. Origins of Modern Politics :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ European States System. ◦ American Revolution and The Constitution. ◦ French Revolution and Aftermath, 1789-1815. ◦ American Civil War with Reference to Abraham Lincoln and The Abolition of Slavery. ◦ British Democratic Politics, 1815-1850: Parliamentary REformers, Free Traders, Chartists. <p>18. Industrialization :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ English Industrial Revolution: Causes and Impact on Society. ◦ Industrialization in Other Countries: USA, Germany, Russia, Japan. ◦ Industrialization & Globalization. <p>19. Nation-State System :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Rise Of Nationalism in 19th Century. ◦ Nationalism: State-Building in Germany and Italy. ◦ Disintegration of Empires in the Face of the Emergence of Nationalities Across the World. <p>20. Imperialism & Colonialism :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ South & SouthH-East Asia. ◦ Latin America & South Africa. ◦ Australia. ◦ Imperialism & Free Trade: Rise of Neo-Imperialism.
<p style="text-align: center;">TEST: 11</p> <p style="text-align: center;">06 MARCH, 2021</p>	<p>21. Revolution & Counter-Revolution :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ 19th Century European Revolutions. ◦ The Russian Revolution of 1917-1921. ◦ Fascist Counter-Revolution, Italy & Germany. ◦ The Chinese Revolution of 1949. <p>22. World Wars :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ 1st and 2nd World Wars as Total Wars: Societal Implications. ◦ World War I : Causes & Consequences. ◦ World War II : Causes & Consequences.

TEST NO. & DATE	TOPICS & SUB TOPICS
	<p>23. The World after World War II:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Emergence of Two power blocs. ◦ Emergence of Third World and non-alignment. ◦ UNO and the global disputes. <p>24. Liberation from Colonial Rule :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Latin America-Bolivar. ◦ Arab World-Egypt. ◦ Africa-Apartheid to Democracy. ◦ South-East Asia-Vietnam. <p>25. Decolonization and Underdevelopment :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Factors constraining Development; Latin America, Africa. <p>26. Unification of Europe :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Post War Foundations ; NATO and European Community. ◦ Consolidation and Expansion of European Community ◦ European Union. <p>27. Disintegration of Soviet Union and the Rise of the Unipolar World :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Factors leading to the collapse of Soviet Communism and Soviet Union, 1985-1991. ◦ Political Changes in East Europe 1989-2001. ◦ End of the Cold War and US Ascendancy in the World as the lone superpower.
<p>TEST: 12</p> <p>13 MARCH, 2021</p>	<p>World History Revision Test (Full Syllabus)</p>
AFTER PRELIMS	
TEST: 13	Mock 1 Paper-I
TEST: 14	Mock 1 Paper-2
TEST: 15	Mock 2 Paper-I
TEST: 16	Mock 2 Paper-2