

HISTORY

MAINS TEST SERIES 2026



by: PIYUSH KUMAR

TEST SERIES *cum* MENTORSHIP PROGRAMME



ANSWER
WRITING



COPY
EVALUATION



PERSONALIZED
MENTORSHIP



Total 12 Tests:
8 Sectional & 4 Mock Tests



Pre-test and Post-test Mentorship
with Piyush Sir to Identify target
area and Improvement



Elaborate Discussion after
each test



Detailed Model Answer Hints



**Copy Evaluation &
Discussion:**

- After submission of Copy, Evaluation will be done within a week.
- After Copy Evaluation One to One Discussion with Piyush Sir.



PROGRAMME FEE

₹ 12000 +GST

FOR ADMISSION



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BATCH **STARTS**

06 DECEMBER
2025



TEST SCHEDULE

TEST NO & DATE	SECTION & TOPICS
ANCIENT INDIA	
TEST: 01 06 DECEMBER, 2025	◦ Sources ◦ Archaeological Sources : ▢ Exploration, excavation, epigraphy, numismatics, monuments. ▢ Literary sources: Indigenous: Primary and secondary; poetry, scientific literature, literature, literature in regional languages, religious literature. ▢ Foreign account: Greek, Chinese & Arab writers. ◦ Pre-History & Proto-History: ▢ Geographical factors; hunting and gathering (paleolithic and mesolithic); Beginning of agriculture (neolithic and chalcolithic). ◦ Indus Valley Civilization : ▢ Origin, date, extent, characteristics-decline, survival and significance, art and architecture. ◦ Megalithic Cultures: ▢ Distribution of pastoral and farming cultures outside the Indus, Development of community life, Settlements, Development of agriculture, Crafts, Pottery, and Iron industry. ◦ Aryans & Vedic Period: ▢ Expansions of Aryans in India :

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	▣ Vedic Period: Religious and philosophic literature; Transformation from Rig Vedic period to the later Vedic period; Political, social and economical life; Significance of the Vedic Age; Evolution of Monarchy and Varna system. ◉ Period of Mahajanapadas: ▣ Formation of States (Mahajanapada): Republics and monarchies; Rise of urban centres; Trade routes; Economic growth; Introduction of coinage; Spread of Jainism and Buddhism; Rise of Magadha and Nandas. ▣ Iranian & Mecedonian invasions and their impact.
TEST: 02 14 DECEMBER, 2025	◉ Mauryan Empire : ▣ Foundation of the Mauryan Empire, Chandragupta, Kautilya and Arthashastra; Ashoka; Concept of Dharma; Edicts; Polity, Administration, Economy; Art, architecture and sculpture; External contacts; Religion; Spread of religion; Literature. ▣ Disintegration of the empire; Sungas and Kanvas. ◉ Post-Mauryan Period (Indo-Greeks, Sakas, Kushanas, Western Kshatrapas) : ▣ Contact with outside world; growth of urban centres, economy, coinage, development of religions, Mahayana, social conditions, art, architecture, culture, literature and science. ◉ Early State and Society in Eastern India, Deccan and South India: ▣ Kharavela, The Satavahanas, Tamil States of the Sangam Age; Administration, Economy, land grants, coinage, trade guilds and urban centres; Buddhist centres; Sangam literature and culture; Art and architecture. ◉ Guptas, Vakatakas and Vardhanas: ▣ Polity and administration, Economic conditions, Coinage of the Guptas, Land grants, Decline of urban centres, Indian feudalism, Caste system,

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	Position of women, Education and educational institutions; Nalanda, Vikramshila and Vallabhi, Literature, scientific literature, art and architecture. ◉ Regional States during Gupta Era: ▣ The Kadambas, Pallavas, Chalukyas of Badami; Polity and Administration, Trade guilds, Literature; growth of Vaishnava and Saiva religions. Tamil Bhakti movement, Shankaracharya; ▣ Vedanta; Institutions of temple and temple architecture; Palas, Senas, Rashtrakutas, Paramaras, Polity and administration; Cultural aspects. Arab conquest of Sind; Alberuni, The Chalukyas of Kalyana, Cholas, Hoysalas, Pandyas; Polity and Administration; Local Government; Growth of art and architecture, religious sects, Institution of temple and Mathas, Agraharas, education and literature, economy and society. ◉ Themes in Early Indian Cultural History: ▣ Languages and texts, major stages in the evolution of art and architecture, major philosophical thinkers and schools, ideas in Science and Mathematics.
MEDIEVAL INDIA	
TEST: 03 21 DECEMBER, 2025	◉ Early Medieval India, 750-1200: ▣ Polity: Major political developments in Northern India and the peninsula, origin and the rise of Rajputs. ▣ The Cholas: administration, village economy and society "Indian Feudalism". ▣ Agrarian economy and urban settlements. ▣ Trade and commerce. ▣ Society: the status of the Brahman and the new social order. ▣ Condition of women. ▣ Indian science and technology.

TEST NO & DATE	SECTION & TOPICS
	◉ Cultural Traditions in India, 750–1200: ▣ Philosophy: Skankaracharya and Vedanta, Ramanuja and Vishishtadvaita, Madhva and Brahma-Mimansa. ▣ Religion: Forms and features of religion, Tamil devotional cult, growth of Bhakti, Islam and its arrival in India, Sufism. ▣ Literature: Literature in Sanskrit, growth of Tamil literature, literature in the newly developing languages, Kalhan's Rajtarangini, Alberuni's India. ▣ Art and Architecture: Temple architecture, sculpture, painting. ◉ The Thirteenth Century: ▣ Establishment of the Delhi Sultanate: The Ghurian invasions - factors behind Ghurian success. ▣ Economic, Social and cultural consequences. ▣ Foundation of Delhi Sultanate and early Turkish Sultans. ▣ Consolidation: The rule of Iltutmish and Balban. ◉ The Fourteenth Century: ▣ "The Khalji Revolution". ▣ Alauddin Khalji: Conquests and territorial expansion, agrarian and economic measure. ▣ Muhammad Tughluq: Major projects, agrarian measures, bureaucracy of Muhammad Tughluq. ▣ Firuz Tughluq: Agrarian measures, achievements in civil engineering and public works, decline of the Sultanate, foreign contacts and Ibn Battuta's account. ◉ Society, Culture and Economy in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Centuries: ▣ Society: composition of rural society, ruling classes, town dwellers, women, religious classes, caste and slavery under the Sultanate, Bhakti movement, Sufi movement.

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	❑ Culture: Persian literature, literature in the regional languages of North India, literature in the languages of South India, Sultanate architecture and new structural forms, painting, evolution of a composite culture. ❑ Economy: Agricultural Production, rise of urban economy and non-agricultural production, trade and commerce. ○ The Fifteenth and Early Sixteenth Century- Political Developments and Economy: ❑ Rise of Provincial Dynasties : Bengal, Kashmir (Zainul Abedin), Gujarat. ❑ Malwa, Bahmanids. ❑ The Vijayanagara Empire. ❑ Lodis. ❑ Mughal Empire, first phase : Babur, Humayun. ❑ The Sur Empire : Sher Shah's administration. ❑ Portuguese colonial enterprise, Bhakti and Sufi Movements. ○ The Fifteenth and Early Sixteenth Century- Society and culture: ❑ Regional cultures specificities. ❑ Literary traditions. ❑ Provincial architectural. ❑ Society, culture, literature and the arts in Vijayanagara Empire.
TEST: 04 28 DECEMBER, 2025	○ Akbar: ❑ Conquests and consolidation of empire. ❑ Establishment of jagir and mansab systems. ❑ Rajput policy. ❑ Evolution of religious and social outlook. Theory of Sulh-i-kul and religious policy. ❑ Court patronage of art and technology.

TEST NO & DATE	SECTION & TOPICS
	○ Mughal Empire in the Seventeenth Century: ❑ Major administrative policies of Jahangir, Shahjahan and Aurangzeb. ❑ The Empire and the Zamindars. ❑ Religious policies of Jahangir, Shahjahan and Aurangzeb. ❑ Nature of the Mughal State. ❑ Late Seventeenth Century crisis and the revolts. ❑ The Ahom kingdom. ❑ Shivaji and the early Maratha Kingdom. ○ Economy and society, in the 16th and 17th Centuries: ❑ Population Agricultural and craft production. ❑ Towns, commerce with Europe through Dutch, English and French companies : a trade revolution. ❑ Indian mercantile classes. Banking, insurance and credit systems. ❑ Conditions of peasants, Condition of Women. ❑ Evolution of the Sikh community and the Khalsa Panth. ○ Culture during Mughal Empire: ❑ Persian histories and other literature. ❑ Hindi and religious literatures. ❑ Mughal architecture. ❑ Mughal painting. ❑ Provincial architecture and painting. ❑ Classical music. ❑ Science and technology. ○ The Eighteenth Century: ❑ Factors for the decline of the Mughal Empire. ❑ The regional principalities: Nizam's Deccan, Bengal, Awadh.

TEST NO & DATE	SECTION & TOPICS
	❑ Maratha ascendancy under the Peshwas. ❑ The Maratha fiscal and financial system. ❑ Emergence of Afghan power Battle of Panipat, 1761. ❑ State of, political, cultural and economic, on eve of the British conquest.
MODERN INDIA	
TEST: 05 04 JANUARY, 2026	◉ European Penetration into India: ❑ The Early European Settlements; The Portuguese and the Dutch; The English and the French East India Companies; Their struggle for supremacy; Carnatic Wars; Bengal-The conflict ❑ between the English and the Nawabs of Bengal; Siraj and the English; The Battle of Plassey; Significance of Plassey. ◉ British Expansion in India: ❑ Bengal-Mir Jafar and Mir Kasim; The Battle of Buxar; Mysore; The Marathas; The three Anglo-Maratha Wars; The Punjab. ◉ Early Structure of the British Raj: ❑ The Early administrative structure; From diarchy to direct control; The Regulating Act (1773); The Pitt's India Act (1784); The Charter Act (1833); The Voice of free trade and the changing character of British colonial rule; The English utilitarian and India. ◉ Economic Impact of British Colonial Rule: ❑ Land revenue settlements in British India; The Permanent Settlement; Ryotwari Settlement; Mahalwari Settlement; Economic impact of the revenue arrangements; Commercialization of agriculture; Rise of landless agrarian labourers; Impoverishment of the rural society.

TEST NO & DATE	SECTION & TOPICS
	❑ Dislocation of traditional trade and commerce; De-industrialisation; Decline of traditional crafts; Drain of wealth; Economic transformation of India; Railroad and communication network including telegraph and postal services; Famine and poverty in the rural interior; European business enterprise and its limitations. ○ Social and Cultural Developments: ❑ The state of indigenous education, its dislocation; Orientalist-Anglicist controversy, The introduction of western education in India; The rise of press, literature and public opinion; The rise of modern vernacular literature; Progress of Science; Christian missionary activities in India. ○ Social and Religious Reform Movements in Bengal and Other Areas: ❑ Ram Mohan Roy, The Brahmo Movement; Devendranath Tagore; Iswarchandra Vidyasagar; The Young Bengal Movement; Dayanada Saraswati; The social reform movements in India including Sati, widow remarriage, child marriage etc.; The contribution of Indian renaissance to the growth of modern India; Islamic revivalism-the Feraizi and Wahabi Movements
TEST: 06 11 JANUARY, 2026	○ Indian Response to British Rule: ❑ Peasant movement and tribal uprisings in the 18th and 19th centuries including the Rangpur Dhing (1783), the Kol Rebellion (1832), the Mopla Rebellion in Malabar (1841-1920), the ❑ Santal Hul (1855), Indigo Rebellion (1859-60), Deccan Uprising (1875) and the Munda Ulgulan (1899-1900); The Great Revolt of 1857 —Origin, character, casuses of failure, the consequences; The shift in the character of peasant uprisings in the post-1857 period; the peasant movements of the 1920s and 1930s.

TEST NO & DATE	SECTION & TOPICS
	■ Factors leading to the birth of Indian Nationalism; Politics of Association; The Foundation of the Indian National Congress; The Safety-valve thesis relating to the birth of the Congress; ■ Programme and objectives of Early Congress; the social composition of early Congress leadership; the Moderates and Extremists; The Partition of Bengal (1905); The Swadeshi Movement in Bengal; the economic and political aspects of Swadeshi Movement; The beginning of revolutionary extremism in India. ■ Rise of Gandhi; Character of Gandhian nationalism; Gandhi's popular appeal; Rowlatt Satyagraha; the Khilafat Movement; the Non-cooperation Movement; National politics from the end of the Non-cooperation movement to the beginning of the Civil Disobedience Movement; the two phases of the Civil Disobedience Movement; Simon Commission; The Nehru Report; the Round Table Conferences; Nationalism and the Peasant Movements; Nationalism and Working class movements; Women and Indian youth and students in Indian politics (1885-1947); the election of 1937 and the formation of ministries; Cripps Mission; the Quit India Movement; the Wavell Plan; The Cabinet Mission. ○ Constitutional Developments in the Colonial India between 1858 and 1935. ○ Other strands in the National Movement. ■ The Revolutionaries: Bengal, the Punjab, Maharashtra, U.P. the Madras Presidency, Outside India. ■ The Left; The Left within the Congress: Jawaharlal Nehru, Subhas Chandra Bose, the Congress Socialist Party; the Communist Party of India, other left parties. ■ Politics of Separatism; the Muslim League; the Hindu Mahasabha; Communalism and the politics of partition; Transfer of power; Independence.

TEST NO & DATE	SECTION & TOPICS
	❑ Consolidation as a Nation; Nehru's Foreign Policy; India and her neighbours (1947-1964); The linguistic reorganisation of States (1935-1947); Regionalism and regional inequality; Integration of Princely States; Princes in electoral politics; the Question of National Language. ❑ Caste and Ethnicity after 1947; Backward Castes and Tribes in post-colonial electoral politics; Dalit movements. ❑ Economic development and political change; Land reforms; the politics of planning and rural reconstruction; Ecology and environmental policy in post-colonial India; Progress of Science.
MODERN WORLD	
TEST: 07 18 JANUARY, 2026	○ Enlightenment and Modern ideas: ❑ Major Ideas of Enlightenment: Kant, Rousseau. ❑ Spread of Enlightenment in the colonies. ❑ Rise of socialist ideas (up to Marx); spread of Marxian Socialism. ○ Origins of Modern Politics : ❑ European States System. ❑ American Revolution and the Constitution. ❑ French Revolution and Aftermath, 1789-1815. ❑ American Civil War with reference to Abraham Lincoln and the abolition of slavery. ❑ British Democratic politics, 1815-1850: Parliamentary Reformers, Free Traders, Chartists. ○ Industrialization : ❑ English Industrial Revolution : Causes and Impact on Society. ❑ Industrialization in other countries: USA, Germany, Russia, Japan. ❑ Industrialization and Globalization.

TEST NO & DATE	SECTION & TOPICS
	◉ Nation-State System : ▣ Rise of Nationalism in 19th century. ▣ Nationalism: State-building in Germany and Italy. ▣ Disintegration of Empires in the face of the emergence of nationalities across the World. ◉ Imperialism and Colonialism : ▣ South and South-East Asia. ▣ Latin America and South Africa. ▣ Australia. ▣ Imperialism and free trade: Rise of neo-imperialism. ◉ Revolution and Counter-Revolution : ▣ 19th Century European revolutions. ▣ The Russian Revolution of 1917-1921. ▣ Fascist Counter-Revolution, Italy and Germany. ▣ The Chinese Revolution of 1949.
TEST: 08 25 JANUARY, 2026	◉ World Wars : ▣ 1st and 2nd World Wars as Total Wars : Societal implications. ▣ World War I : Causes and Consequences. ▣ World War II : Causes and Consequences. ◉ The World after World War II: ▣ Emergence of Two power blocs. ▣ Emergence of Third World and non-alignment. ▣ UNO and the global disputes. ◉ Liberation from Colonial Rule : ▣ Latin America-Bolivar. ▣ Arab World-Egypt. ▣ Africa-Apartheid to Democracy. ▣ South-East Asia-Vietnam.

TEST NO & DATE	SECTION & TOPICS
	◉ Decolonization and Underdevelopment : ▣ Factors constraining Development; Latin America, Africa. ▣ Unification of Europe : ▣ Post War Foundations; NATO and European Community. ▣ Consolidation and Expansion of European Community ▣ European Union. ◉ Disintegration of Soviet Union and the Rise of the Unipolar World : ▣ Factors leading to the collapse of Soviet Communism and Soviet Union, 1985-1991. ▣ Political Changes in East Europe 1989-2001. ▣ End of the Cold War and US Ascendancy in the World as the lone superpower.

AFTER PRELIMS

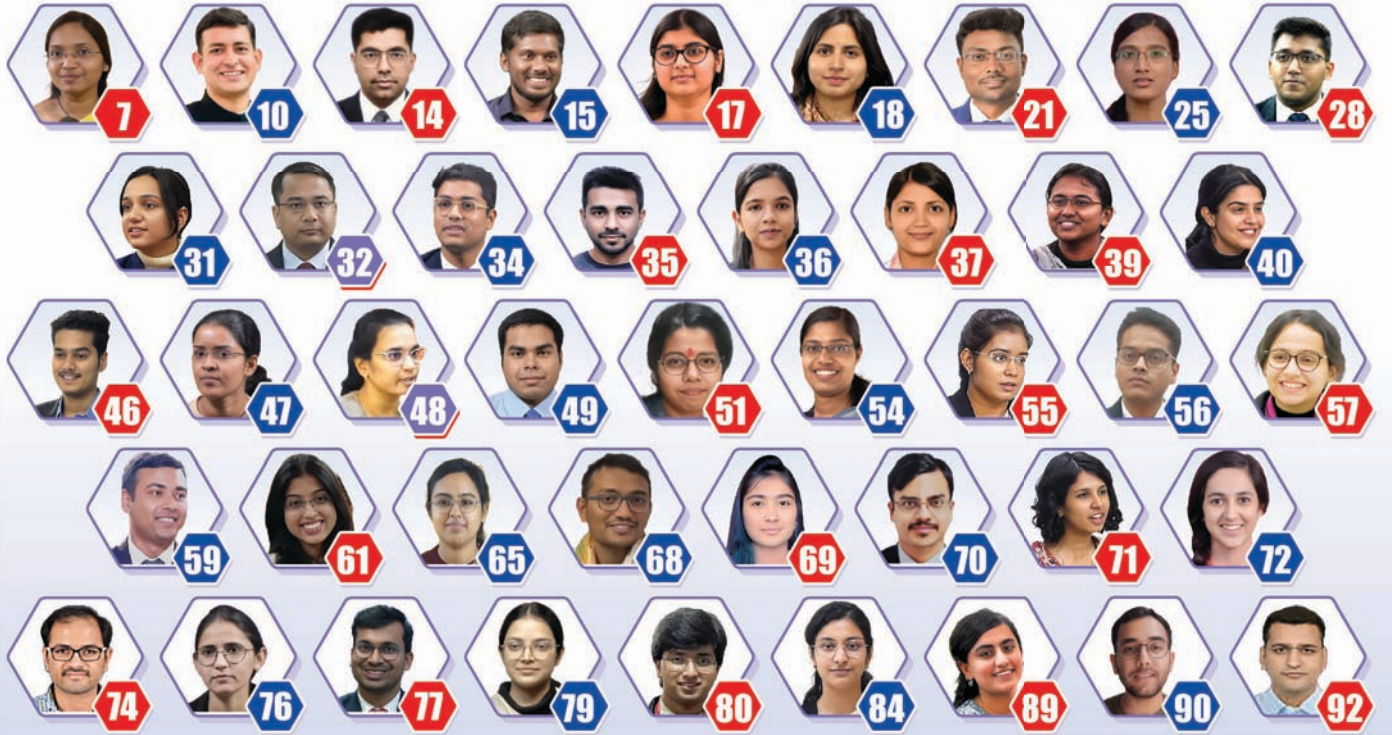
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TEST: 10	MOCK - 2 (PAPER - 2)
TEST: 11	MOCK - 3 (PAPER - 1)
TEST: 12	MOCK - 4 (PAPER - 2)

CSE RESULT

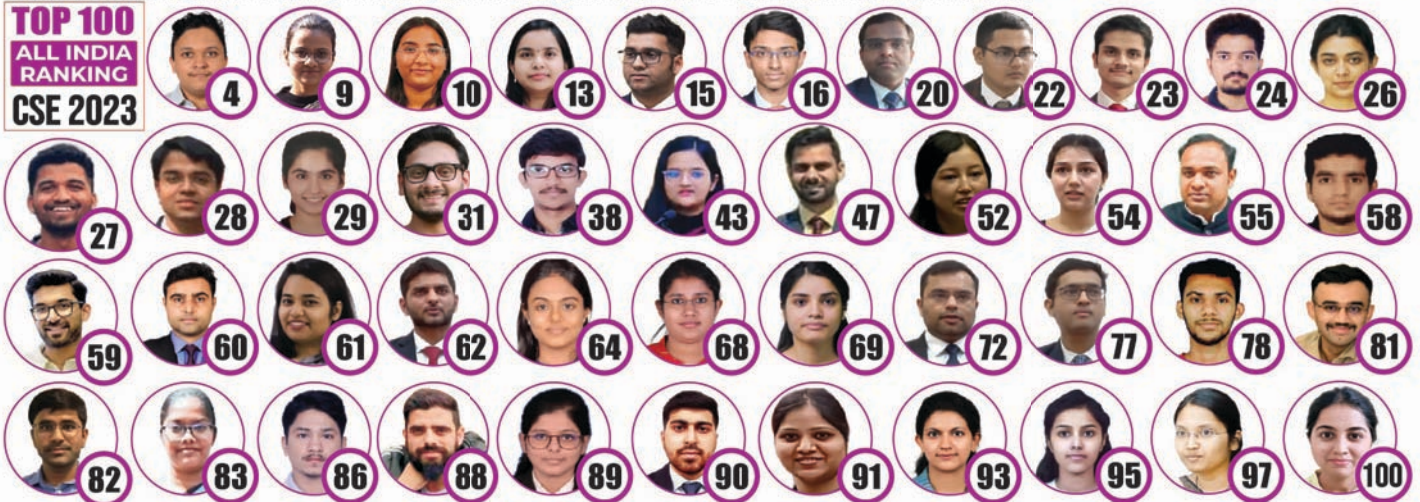
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