

IAS 2026-27

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION OPTIONAL

FOUNDATION

PROGRAMME for 2026-27



Coverage of Hidden **Syllabus**

Conceptual Clarity and **Interlinking of** Paper-1 & 2.

Weekend **Live Mentorship** Sessions

Online Recorded Lectures

Answer Writing Practice & PYQ integration

Linkage of **Dynamic areas** & Contemporary **Events**

Dedicated Sessions on 2nd ARC.

₹ 30,000+GST





For ADMISSIONS: \$\sqrt{8448496262}\$



COVERING BOTH
PAPER 1 & PAPER 2
WITH MICRO-TOPICS



The course will cover each and every Micro-topic from the syllabus so that you will never leave a question unanswered.

Dive into our comprehensive Pub. Ad. Optional Foundation Course with Online Recorded Lectures (Mon to Sat.).



FOCUSED
5.5-MONTH
ONLINE FOUNDATION
PROGRAM

INNOVATIVE
TEACHING METHODS
& ANALYTICAL FOCUS



Enhance understanding & interlinking with modern teaching methods, using templates, mind maps, and mnemonics for analytical thinking.

Gauge your progress with 8 sectional and 4 mock tests, ensuring a solid grasp of the Pub. Ad. Optional syllabus.



12-TEST SERIES FOR THOROUGH PREPARATION

INTEGRATION
OF DATA,
DIAGRAMS, AND
EXAMPLES



Build a strong foundation by incorporating data, diagrams, and examples, enhancing your ability to present information clearly and persuasively.

Comprehensive Coverage of 2nd ARC with special focus on interlinking with Concepts both in Paper 1 & 2.



COMPREHENSIVE COVERAGE OF 2nd ARC

WEEKEND LIVE MENTORSHIP



Get individualised support for clearing doubts, ensuring a deep understanding of historical concepts and exam-related queries through Live Zoom Sessions.

Learn effective answer-writing techniques from successful candidates, gaining valuable insights and strategies for exam success.



REGULAR ANSWER WRITING PRACTICE



WHAT IS PUB. AD. FOUNDATION COURSE?

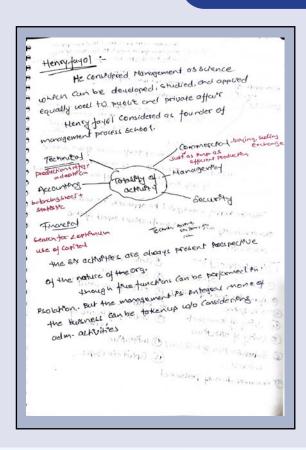
- Explanation of the course's objective to build a strong foundation with the right strategy for Public Administration optional, ensuring high scores.
- ☐ Introduction to the Concept-Revision-Practice approach designed to help students achieve 300+ marks in Public Administration optional.
- ☐ Focus on Changing Dynamics of Public Administration Optional as per the demand of UPSC.
- ☐ Offer of on-demand unlimited mentorship from Abhishiekh Saxena Sir.
- Demo Class Links and Screen Shots (PYQ notes), and Class screenshots

DEMO CLASS

Pub. Ad. Optional | Paper 1 | Topic Name- Approach to Paper 1

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0Q2r1w9mAuQ

CLASS NOTES



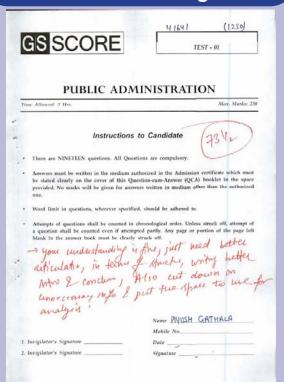




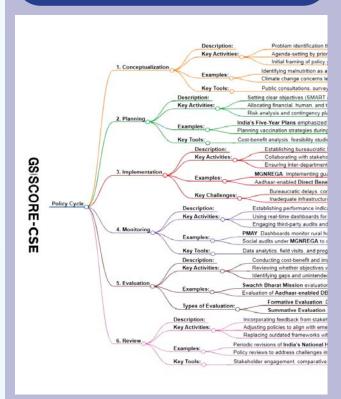
Zoom Video Session *for* Doubt Clearing



On Spot **Answer Writing**



Theme-wise micro diagrams



Thinkers relevant to **Public Administration**

➤ Static Inadequate for dynamic environments.

Neglect of Human Behavior, Ignored informal groups and emotional factors.

Relevance Today

Emerged in early 20th century Germany during the rise of industrial states and complex governance needs.
 Aimed to ensure rationality, predictability, and order in administrative systems.

and order in ass...

Core Ideas

Rational-Legal Authority: Legitimacy derived from rules, not personal authority.

Characteristics

Hierarchy of authority, rule-based decisio-making, technical competence, impersonality.

— Goals

Bureaucracy ensures or and precision.

➤ Red Tape: Excessive rules leading to

Inflexibility: Resistant to innovation and change.

bureaucracies like SPARROW for performance appraisall,

D. Human Relations School (Elton Mayo)

Historical Context:
 Emerged during the 1930s as a reaction to
the mechanistic approaches of Scientific
Management.

The Hawthorne Experiments in Chicago were pivotal in establishing this school.
 Core Ideas:

Importance of Informal Groups:
Social and emotional factors influence productivity.
 Worker Statisfaction: Productivity is linked to job satisfaction and group dynamics.

Leadership and Communication Managers as facilitators of harmonious relationships.

Overemphasis on Social Factors: Neglects structural and technical aspects.

➤ Lack of Generalizability: Findings derived

Relevance Today:

Examples in India: Stakeholder involvement in governance (e.g., participatory budgeting

E. Decision-Making Theory (Herbert

➤ Developed post-WWII to address the complexity of decision-making in

➤ Bounded Rationality

Human decision-making is limited by cognitive and informational constraints.

GS SCORE-CSE



1. Introduction of Public Administration: (A)

Meaning, scope and significance of Public

MICRO ANALYSIS

PAPER - I

Administrative Theory/ Principles of Administration

Citizen's Charters

Social audit.

Right to Information

·	Administration, Public and Private Administration.		Ombudsman (Hidden Topic)		
☐ Wilson's vision of Public Administration		6. Administrative Law: (E)			
movement Classical Theory	gement and Scientific Management		Meaning, scope and significance Dicey on Administrative law Delegated legislation Administrative Tribunals.		
Weberian Developments	pments		7. Comparative Public Administration: (F)		
Dynamic Administration (Functions of the ExecutiveSimon's decision-making	Human Relations School (Elton Mayo and others) Dynamic Administration (Mary Parker Follett) Functions of the Executive (C.I. Barnard) Simon's decision-making theory Participative Management (R. Likert, C.Argyris, D.McGregor).		Historical and sociological factors affecting administrative systems Administration and politics in different countries Current status of Comparative Public Administration Ecology and administration Riggsian models and their critique.		
 □ Theories – systems, conting □ Behaviouralism, Post M Structuralism (Hidden T 	lodernism and Post	8. Development Dynamics: (G)			
3. Administrative Behaviour: (C)			Concept of development Changing profile of development administration		
 Process and techniques of Communication Morale Motivation Theories – concontemporary Theories of Leadership: Total 	ntent, process and raditional and Modern.		'Anti-development thesis' Bureaucracy and development Impact of liberalisation on administration in developing countries Challenges of LPG (Unit-1) Women and development - the self-help group movement.		
5. Accountability and control: (D)		(Remaining part of unit 1)			
 Concepts of accountability Legislative, Executive and administration Citizen and Administration Role of media, interest grorganizations Civil society 	Judicial control over		Public Choice approach New Public Administration New Public Management. (Entrepreneurial Govt.) Strong state versus the market debate (unit 8) Good Governance: concept and application Evolution of the discipline and its present status		
□ +91 8448496262			PUB. AD. FOUNDATION		



9. Personnel Administration: (H) Importance of human resource development Importance of human resource development Importance of human resource development Importance of Administrative

- □ Recruitment, training, career advancement, position classification, discipline,
 □ performance appraisal, promotion, pay and service
 □ Organisation and methods, Work study and work
 - conditions

 employer-employee relations, grievance redressal

 mechanism

 management

 e-governance and information technology

 Management aid tools like network analysis MIS
- mechanism

 Code of conduct

 Administrative ethics.

 Management aid tools like network analysis, MIS, PERT, CPM.

12. Financial Administration: (K) 8. Civil Services: In India (Paper 2) Monetary and fiscal policies

- Constitutional position; Structure, recruitment, training and capacity-building

 Public borrowings and public debt Budgets types and forms
 - Budgetary processFinancial accountability
 - ☐ Accounts and audit.

9. Financial Management: (Paper 2)

- Budget as a political instrumentParliamentary control of public expenditure
- ☐ Role of finance ministry in monetary and fiscal area
- Accounting techniques, Audit
- ☐ Role of Controller General of Accounts
- ☐ Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

10. Public Policy: (I)

mechanism

☐ Models of policy-making and their critique

Civil service neutrality; Civil service activism.

Good governance initiatives

Code of conduct and discipline

 Processes of conceptualisation, planning, implementation, monitoring, evaluation and review and their limitations

Staff associations; Political rights; Grievance redressal

☐ State theories and public policy formulation.

PAPER - II

Indian Administration

Philosophical & Constitutional framework of government: (A')

- ☐ Salient features and value premises (Preamble)
- Constitutionalism
- Political culture (Nature of Indian Political Culture)
- Bureaucracy and democracy
- ☐ Bureaucracy and development.

Constitutional Part of Indian Administration (Part of Unit 4,6,7) (B')

- Executive, Parliament, Judiciary structure, functions, work processes (Unit 4)
- Recent trends; Intragovernmental relations (Unit 4)

- ☐ Union-State administrative, legislative and financial relations (Unit 6)
- ☐ Role of the Finance Commission (Unit 6)
- ☐ Governor (Unit 6)
- ☐ Chief Minister; Council of Ministers (Unit 6)
- ☐ Union-state-local relations (Unit 7)

4. Union Government & Administration: (C')

- Cabinet Secretariat
- ☐ Prime Minister's Office
- Central Secretariat



6.	State Government and Administration:		Problems of autonomy, accountability and control Impact of liberalization and privatization.
	Chief Secretary State Secretariat Directorates.	_	PPP (Organisations Paper-1)
		5.	Plans and Priorities: (H')
	Ministries and Departments; Boards; Commissions; Attached offices; Field organizations. (Organisations Paper-1)		Machinery of planning; Role, composition and functions of the Planning Commission and the National Development Council; NITI Aayog,
	District Administration since Independence: (D')		'Indicative' planning Process of plan formulation at Union and State levels
<u> </u>	Changing role of the Collector Imperatives of development management and law and order administration	_	Constitutional Amendments (1992) and decentralized planning for economic development and social justice.
	District administration and democratic decentralization.	10.	Administrative Reforms since Independence: (I')
13.	Law and Order Administration:		
	British legacy National Police Commission		Major concerns; Important Committees and Commissions
	Investigative agencies		Problems of implementation.
	Role of central and state agencies including paramilitary forces in maintenance of law and order		Reforms in financial management and human resource development
	and countering insurgency and terrorism Criminalisation of politics and administration		ARC reports 2 and other important committees
	Police-public relations Reforms in Police.	14.	Significant issues in Indian Administration: (J')
11.	Rural Development: (E')		Values in public service (Integrity in public service)
	Institutions and agencies since independence		Regulatory Commissions (SEBI, TRAI, RBI etc)
	Decentralization and Panchayati Raj		National Human Rights Commission and SHRC
	73rd Constitutional amendment. Rural development programmes: foci and strategies		Problems of administration in coalition regimes
	, , ,		Citizen-administration interface
12.	Urban Local Government: (F')		Corruption and administration
	Municipal governance: 74th Constitutional Amendment: main features, structures, finance and problem areas		Disaster management.
	Global-local debate	1.	Evolution of Indian Administration: (K')
	New localism		Kautilya's Arthashastra
	Development dynamics, politics and administration with special reference to city management.		Mughal administration
3.	Public Sector Undertakings: (G')		Legacy of British rule in politics and administration
	Public sector in modern India		Indianization of public services, revenue administration, district administration, local self-
	Forms of Public Sector Undertakings		government



Extended topics covered in the Foundation Course

A. Evolution of Public Administration

- ☐ Public administration as Theory and Practice.
- Models of evolution: Nicholas Henry, Golebiewski, Nigro etc.
- Contribution of Wilson, Other Critiques and Other Theorists.
- ☐ Modern approaches to study Public Administration:
 - ▶ " Public Policy.
 - ➤ "Systems approach.
 - " Postmodernism.
 - "Governance: Gender Perspective, Post positivism, Deconstructivism, Humanistic Phenomenology.
- Model of Critique of Traditional Public Administration:
 - " Public Choice Approach
 - " Marxist Approach
 - " Neo Marxist
 - ▶ " Neo Weberian State
 - " Post-modern Governance

B. Comparative Public Administration:

- ☐ Meaning, Scope, Significance and Criticism.
- ☐ Contribution of Farrell Heady, Weidner, O.P. Dwivedi, Charles T. Goodsell, Donald C. Rowat etc.

C. Development Public Administration:

- Origin and evolution of Development Pub. Administration.
- Development Administration and Administrative Development.
- ☐ Meaning, Scope, Significance of Development Administration.
- Rigg's view on Development Public Administration with the reference to Prismatic Sala model.
 Sustainable Development.
- Role of Non-State Actors in Development: NGOs, Civil Society, Corporate Sector etc.
- Developmental Policies and Laws of Government: Environmental, Social, Industrial.
- ☐ Global Issues of Development: Conservation of Environment and Resources, Pollution etc.

D. Administrative Reforms:

- ☐ Reforms in Civil Service, Criminal Justice System etc.
- Administrative perspective on new problems of governance. Like, Terrorism, Naxalism, Cybercrimes, Social Media Reforms, Human Rights, Woman Issues
- 2nd ARC recommendations and other important commissions.
- Reports by World Bank, UNPAN Report, IIPA Journal's Selected Articles, International Publications etc.





PUB. AD. OPTIONAL EXPERT FOR UPSC



by: Abhishiekh Saxena

- ☐ Abhishiekh Saxena Sir is a seasoned faculty of Public Administration Optional for UPSC CSE having consistently delivered results.
- ☐ An engineer by training, having worked across IT Majors, Media, Education and UPSC Ecosystem brings unique and practical Perspectives to Public Administration.
- 9+ Years of Teaching Experience and consistent Results.
- □ Known for Answer Writing and Marks Fetching hacks he has helped many candidates Qualify UPSC CSE

STUDENT'S TESTIMONIALS



KHUSHHALI-SOLANKI (AIR 61, CSE 2023)

My friend told me about Abhishiekh Saxena Sir for daily answer writing for Public Administration. The telegram channel of sir and saw how sir uded to engage with his students on a daily basix. He answered every doubt of all candidates and told how | what|where to improve upon. So i would recommend pub adm optional students to try answer writing with sir.

CHANDARPRABHA SHARMA (AIR 289, CSE 2023)

Manoj Jha Sir, Abhishiekh Sir & entire incredible team of GSSCORE. I found GS SCORE's ANSWER WRITING PROGRAM for General Studies & also Abhishiekh Saxena Sir's AWP for Public Administration. I would write answers daily & GS SCORE Faculty, epecially Abhishiekh Sir wourld return & very detailed feedback on a one to one basis within hours the same day. What impressed me was the compassion of Team GS Score to dedicate their time.





PIYUSH GATHALA (AIR 574, CSE 2022)

From 235 to 283 Marks in Public Administration.

In this attempt, Abhishiekh Saxena Sir, with his insightful feedback on my Pub Ad answers really helped me give a better attempt.



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Online

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Lectures

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CSE All India Ranking PUB AD OPTIONAL Result

Success Is Where Preparation & Opportunity Meet

